116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. RES.

Observing the 25th Anniversary of the genocide in Rwanda.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Menendez (for himself, Mr. Isakson, Mr. Rubio, Mr. Kaine, Mr. Cardin, Mr. Coons, Mr. Merkley, and Mr. Booker) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on

RESOLUTION

Observing the 25th Anniversary of the genocide in Rwanda.

- Whereas 25 years ago, between April and June 1994, an estimated 800,000 Rwandans, most of them members of the minority Tutsi community along with some politically moderate Hutus, were killed in an organized campaign of genocide;
- Whereas up to 2,000,000 people fled Rwanda as refugees, 1,000,000 were internally displaced, and of the survivors, 75,000 were children who lost one or both parents;
- Whereas the United Nations Assistance Mission for Rwanda was dramatically scaled back as the genocide occurred, with the United States and other nations failing to stop the killings;

Whereas the genocide forced Rwandans to confront core issues of ethnic and national identity, justice, peace, reconciliation, and security;

Whereas the people and Government of Rwanda have taken steps to foster peace and reconciliation;

Whereas Rwanda's position on the United Nations Development Program Human Development Index continues to steadily improve, although the nation remains one of the world's poorest, positioned at 158 out of 189 countries and territories requiring continued development assistance and support; and

Whereas the people and Government of the United States support the people of Rwanda in their aspirations for continued economic growth, improved food security, better health outcomes, protection of biodiversity, and fully accountable governance: Now, therefore, be it

1 Resolved, That the Senate—

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- 2 (1) solemnly observes the 25th Anniversary of 3 the genocide in Rwanda, which began on April 6, 4 1994;
- 5 (2) recognizes the failure of the international 6 community, including the United States, to provide 7 urgent assistance in preventing and stopping the 8 genocide;
 - (3) reaffirms that the people of the United States will continue to stand with the people of Rwanda in their ongoing journey towards reconcili-

1	ation, peace, and open, inclusive, and accountable
2	governance;
3	(4) reaffirms its commitment to the Convention
4	on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of
5	Genocide, done at Paris December 9, 1948;
6	(5) supports ongoing efforts to educate the peo-
7	ple of the United States, and around the world,
8	about the genocide in Rwanda, hoping to prevent the
9	commission of any such future occurrences in Rwan-
10	da or elsewhere;
11	(6) commits to continuing efforts to strengthen
12	and support Rwandan, United States, and other
13	international institutions and tribunals working to
14	bring to justice those responsible for the genocide;
15	and
16	(7) calls on the United States Government and
17	the international community to seize on the occasion
18	of this anniversary to focus attention on the future
19	of Rwanda, cooperating to prevent and respond to
20	genocide and crimes against humanity in nations
21	across the globe, and to support the people of Rwan-
22	da so that they may—
23	(A) be free from future ethnic violence;
24	(B) experience full civil and human rights,
25	without fear of violence or intimidation;

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1	(C) peacefully resolve disputes; and
2	(D) benefit from sustained economic
3	growth and development, which improves the
4	health, prosperity and standard of living of all.