118TH CONGRESS	\mathbf{C}	
1st Session	5.	

To authorize the Secretary of State to provide additional assistance to Ukraine using assets confiscated from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation and other sovereign assets of the Russian Federation, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. RISCH (for himself and Mr. WHITEHOUSE) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To authorize the Secretary of State to provide additional assistance to Ukraine using assets confiscated from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation and other sovereign assets of the Russian Federation, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Rebuilding Economic Prosperity and Opportunity for
- 6 Ukrainians Act" or the "REPO for Ukrainians Act".

1 (b) Table of Contents for

2 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—CONFISCATION AND REPURPOSING OF RUSSIAN SOVEREIGN ASSETS

- Sec. 101. Findings; sense of Congress.
- Sec. 102. Sense of Congress regarding importance of the Russian Federation providing compensation to Ukraine.
- Sec. 103. Prohibition on release of blocked Russian sovereign assets.
- Sec. 104. Authority to ensure compensation to Ukraine using confiscated Russian sovereign assets.
- Sec. 105. International agreement to use Russian sovereign assets to provide for the reconstruction of Ukraine.
- Sec. 106. Report on use of confiscated Russian sovereign assets for reconstruction.
- Sec. 107. Assessment by Secretary of State and Administrator of United States Agency for International Development on reconstruction and rebuilding needs of Ukraine.
- Sec. 108. Exception relating to importation of goods.
- Sec. 109. Definitions.

TITLE II—MULTILATERAL SANCTIONS COORDINATION

- Sec. 201. Statement of policy regarding coordination of multilateral sanctions with respect to the Russian Federation.
- Sec. 202. Assessment of impact of Ukraine-related sanctions on the economy of the Russian Federation.
- Sec. 203. Information on voting practices in the United Nations with respect to the invasion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation.

3 TITLE I—CONFISCATION AND

4 REPURPOSING OF RUSSIAN

5 **SOVEREIGN ASSETS**

- 6 SEC. 101. FINDINGS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
- 8 ings:
- 9 (1) On February 24, 2022, the Government of
- the Russian Federation violated the sovereignty and
- territorial integrity of Ukraine by engaging in a pre-
- meditated, second illegal invasion of Ukraine.

ROS23873 WDC S.L.C.

(2) The international community has condemned the illegal invasions of Ukraine by the Russian Federation, as well as the commission of war crimes by the Russian Federation, including through the deliberate targeting of civilians and civilian infrastructure and the commission of sexual violence.

- (3) The leaders of the G7 have called the Russian Federation's "unprovoked and completely unjustified attack on the democratic state of Ukraine" a "serious violation of international law and a grave breach of the United Nations Charter and all commitments Russia entered in the Helsinki Final Act and the Charter of Paris and its commitments in the Budapest Memorandum".
- (4) On March 2, 2022, the United Nations General Assembly adopted Resolution ES-11/1, entitled "Aggression against Ukraine", by a vote of 141 to 5. That resolution "deplore[d] in the strongest terms the aggression by the Russian Federation against Ukraine in violation of Article 2(4) of the [United Nations] Charter" and demanded that the Russian Federation "immediately cease its use of force against Ukraine" and "immediately, completely and unconditionally withdraw all of its military

1	forces from the territory of Ukraine within its inter-
2	nationally recognized borders".
3	(5) On March 16, 2022, the International
4	Court of Justice issued provisional measures order-
5	ing the Russian Federation to "immediately suspend
6	the military operations that it commenced on 24
7	February 2022 in the territory of Ukraine".
8	(6) On November 14, 2022, the United Nations
9	General Assembly adopted a resolution—
10	(A) recognizing that the Russian Federa-
11	tion must bear the legal consequences of all of
12	its internationally wrongful acts, including mak-
13	ing reparation for the injury, including any
14	damage, caused by such acts;
15	(B) recognizing the need for the establish-
16	ment of an international mechanism for repara-
17	tion for damage, loss, or injury caused by the
18	Russian Federation in Ukraine; and
19	(C) recommending creation of an inter-
20	national register of such damage, loss, or in-
21	jury.
22	(7) Under international law, a country that is
23	responsible for an internationally wrongful act is
24	under an obligation to compensate for the damage it
25	has caused if such damage cannot be made good by

1 restitution. The Russian Federation bears such re-2 sponsibility to compensate Ukraine, and because of 3 this grave breach of international law, all states are 4 legally entitled to take countermeasures that are 5 proportionate and aimed at inducing the Russian 6 Federation to comply with its international obliga-7 tions, including countermeasures that suspend ordi-8 nary international obligations to the Russian Fed-9 eration, to help enforce the obligation of the Russian 10 Federation to compensate Ukraine. 11 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-12 gress that, having committed an act of aggression, as rec-13 ognized by the United Nations General Assembly on March 2, 2022, the Russian Federation is to be considered 14 15 as an aggressor state. The extreme illegal actions taken by the Russian Federation, including an act of aggression, 16 17 present a unique situation, requiring and justifying the es-18 tablishment of a legal authority to compensate victims of 19 aggression by the Russian Federation in Ukraine. In this case, that authority is the authority of the United States 21 Government and other countries to confiscate Russian sovereign assets in their respective jurisdictions to help en-23 force the obligation of the Russian Federation to compensate Ukraine.

1	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING IMPORTANCE
2	OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION PROVIDING
3	COMPENSATION TO UKRAINE.
4	It is the sense of Congress that—
5	(1) the Russian Federation bears responsibility
6	for the financial burden of the reconstruction of
7	Ukraine and for countless other costs associated
8	with the illegal invasion of Ukraine by the Russian
9	Federation that began on February 24, 2022;
10	(2) the full cost of the Russian Federation's un-
11	lawful war against Ukraine and the amount of
12	money the Russian Federation must pay Ukraine
13	should be assessed by an international body or
14	mechanism charged with determining compensation
15	and providing assistance to Ukraine;
16	(3) the Russian Federation is now on notice of
17	its opportunity to comply with its international obli-
18	gations, including compensation, or, by agreement
19	with the government of independent Ukraine, au-
20	thorize an international body or mechanism to ad-
21	dress those outstanding obligations with authority to
22	make binding decisions on parties that comply in
23	good faith;
24	(4) the Russian Federation can, by negotiated
25	agreement, participate in any international process
26	to assess the full cost of the Russian Federation's

ROS23873 WDC S.L.C.

unlawful war against Ukraine and make funds available to compensate for damage, loss, and injury arising from its internationally wrongful acts in Ukraine, and if it fails to do so, the United States and other countries should explore other avenues for ensuring compensation to Ukraine, including confiscation and repurposing of assets of the Russian Federation;

(5) the President should lead robust engagement on all bilateral and multilateral aspects of the

- ment on all bilateral and multilateral aspects of the response by the United States to efforts by the Russian Federation to undermine the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Ukraine, including on any policy coordination and alignment regarding the disposition of Russian sovereign assets in the context of compensation;
- (6) the confiscation and repurposing of Russian sovereign assets by the United States is in the vital national security interests of the United States and consistent with United States and international law; and
- (7) the United States should work with international allies and partners on the confiscation and repurposing of Russian sovereign assets as part of a coordinated, multilateral effort, including with G7

1	countries and other countries in which Russian sov-
2	ereign assets are located.
3	SEC. 103. PROHIBITION ON RELEASE OF BLOCKED RUSSIAN
4	SOVEREIGN ASSETS.
5	(a) In General.—No Russian sovereign asset that
6	is blocked or immobilized by the Department of the Treas-
7	ury before the date specified in section 104(g) may be re-
8	leased or mobilized until the President certifies to the ap-
9	propriate congressional committees that—
10	(1) hostilities between the Russian Federation
11	and Ukraine have ceased; and
12	(2)(A) full compensation has been made to
13	Ukraine for harms resulting from the invasion of
14	Ukraine by the Russian Federation; or
15	(B) the Russian Federation is participating in
16	a bona fide international mechanism that, by agree-
17	ment, will discharge the obligations of the Russian
18	Federation to compensate Ukraine for all amounts
19	determined to be owed to Ukraine.
20	(b) Notification.—Not later than 30 days before
21	the release or mobilization of a Russian sovereign asset
22	that previously had been blocked or immobilized by the
23	Department of the Treasury, the President shall submit
24	to the appropriate congressional committees—

1 (1) a notification of the decision to release or 2 mobilize the asset; and

(2) a justification in writing for such release or mobilization.

(c) Joint Resolution of Disapproval.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—No Russian sovereign asset that previously had been blocked or immobilized by the Department of the Treasury may be released or mobilized if, within 30 days of receipt of the notification and justification required under subsection (b), a joint resolution is enacted prohibiting the proposed release or mobilization.
- (2) Expedited Procedures.—Any joint resolution described in paragraph (1) introduced in either House of Congress shall be considered in accordance with the provisions of section 601(b) of the International Security Assistance and Arms Export Control Act of 1976 (Public Law 94–329; 90 Stat. 765), except that any such resolution shall be amendable. If such a joint resolution should be vetoed by the President, the time for debate in consideration of the veto message on such measure shall be limited to 20 hours in the Senate and in the House of Representatives shall be determined in accordance with the Rules of the House.

1	(d) Cooperation on Prohibition of Release of
2	CERTAIN RUSSIAN SOVEREIGN ASSETS.—The President
3	may take such action as may be necessary to seek to ob-
4	tain an agreement or arrangement between the United
5	States, Ukraine, and other countries that have blocked or
6	immobilized Russian sovereign assets to prohibit such as-
7	sets from being released or mobilized until an agreement
8	has been reached that discharges the Russian Federation
9	from further obligations to compensate Ukraine.
10	SEC. 104. AUTHORITY TO ENSURE COMPENSATION TO
11	UKRAINE USING CONFISCATED RUSSIAN SOV-
12	EREIGN ASSETS.
13	(a) Reporting on Russian Assets.—
14	(1) Notice required.—Not later than 30
15	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
16	President shall, by means of such instructions or
17	regulations as the President may prescribe, require
18	any United States financial institution at which Rus-
19	sian sovereign assets are located, and that knows or
20	should know of such assets, to provide notice of such
21	assets, including relevant information required under
22	section 501.603(b)(ii) of title 31, Code of Federal
23	Regulations (or successor regulations), to the Sec-
24	retary of the Treasury not later than 10 days after
25	detection of such assets.

1	(2) Report required.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180
3	days after the date of the enactment of this
4	Act, and annually thereafter for 3 years, the
5	President shall submit to the appropriate con-
6	gressional committees a report detailing the sta-
7	tus of Russian sovereign assets subject to the
8	jurisdiction of the United States.
9	(B) FORM.—The report required by sub-
10	paragraph (A) shall be submitted in unclassi-
11	fied form, but may include a classified annex.
12	(b) Confiscation.—
13	(1) In general.—The President may con-
14	fiscate any Russian sovereign assets subject to the
15	jurisdiction of the United States.
16	(2) LIQUIDATION AND DEPOSIT.—The Presi-
17	dent shall—
18	(A) deposit any funds confiscated under
19	paragraph (1) into the Ukraine Support Fund
20	established under subsection (c);
21	(B) liquidate or sell any other property
22	confiscated under paragraph (1) and deposit
23	the funds resulting from such liquidation or
24	sale into the Ukraine Support Fund established
25	under subsection (c): and

1	(C) make all such funds available for the
2	purposes described in subsection (d).
3	(3) Method of Confiscation.—The Presi-
4	dent shall confiscate Russian sovereign assets under
5	paragraph (1) through instructions or licenses or in
6	such other manner as the President determines ap-
7	propriate.
8	(4) Vesting.—All right, title, and interest in
9	Russian sovereign assets confiscated under para-
10	graph (1) shall vest, if necessary, in the Government
11	of the United States while being held in the Ukraine
12	Support Fund established under subsection (c).
13	(c) Establishment of the Ukraine Support
14	Fund.—
15	(1) In general.—The President shall establish
16	a non-interest-bearing account, to be known as the
17	"Ukraine Support Fund", to consist of the funds de-
18	posited into the account under subsection (b).
19	(2) Use of funds.—The funds in the account
20	established under paragraph (1) shall be available to
21	be used only as specified in subsection (d).
22	(d) Use of Confiscated Property.—
23	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2),
24	funds in the Ukraine Support Fund shall be avail-
25	able to the Secretary of State, in consultation with

the Administrator of the United States Agency for
International Development, for the purpose of com-
pensating Ukraine for damages resulting from the
unlawful invasion by the Russian Federation that
began on February 24, 2022, including through, to
the extent possible, the provision of such funds to an
international body or mechanism charged with deter-
mining compensation and providing assistance to
Ukraine, for purposes that include the following:
(A) Reconstruction and rebuilding efforts
in Ukraine.
(B) To provide humanitarian assistance to
the people of Ukraine.
(C) Such other purposes as the Secretary
determines directly and effectively support the
recovery of Ukraine and the welfare of the peo-
ple of Ukraine.
(2) Notification.—
(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State
shall notify the appropriate congressional com-
mittees not fewer than 15 days before providing
any funds from the Ukraine Support Fund to
the Government of Ukraine or to any other per-
son or international organization for the pur-
poses described in paragraph (1).

1	(B) Elements.—A notification under sub-
2	paragraph (A) with respect to the provision of
3	funds to the Government of Ukraine shall speci-
4	fy—
5	(i) the amount of funds to be pro-
6	vided;
7	(ii) the purpose for which such funds
8	are provided; and
9	(iii) the recipient.
10	(e) Judicial Review.—
11	(1) In general.—The confiscation of Russian
12	sovereign assets under subsection $(b)(1)$ shall not be
13	subject to judicial review.
14	(2) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this
15	subsection shall be construed to limit any private in-
16	dividual or entity from asserting due process claims
17	in United States courts.
18	(f) Exception for United States Obligations
19	Under Vienna Conventions.—The authorities pro-
20	vided by this section may not be exercised in a manner
21	inconsistent with the obligations of the United States
22	under—
23	(1) the Convention on Diplomatic Relations
24	done at Vienna April 18, 1961, and entered into
25	force April 24, 1964 (23 UST 3227);

1	(2) the Convention on Consular Relations, done
2	at Vienna April 24, 1963, and entered into force on
3	March 19, 1967 (21 UST 77);
4	(3) the Agreement Regarding the Headquarters
5	of the United Nations, signed at Lake Success June
6	26, 1947, and entered into force November 21, 1947
7	(TIAS 1676); or
8	(4) any other international agreement governing
9	the use of force and establishing rights under inter-
10	national humanitarian law.
11	(g) Sunset.—The authority to confiscate, liquidate,
12	and transfer Russian sovereign assets under this section
13	shall terminate on the earlier of—
14	(1) the date that is 5 years after the date of the
15	enactment of this Act; or
16	(2) the date that is 120 days after the date on
17	which the President determines and certifies to the
18	appropriate congressional committees that—
19	(A) hostilities between the Russian Federa-
20	tion and Ukraine have ceased; and
21	(B)(i) full compensation has been made to
22	Ukraine for harms resulting from the invasion
23	of Ukraine by the Russian Federation; or
24	(ii) the Russian Federation is participating
25	in a bona fide international mechanism that, by

1	agreement, will discharge the obligations of the
2	Russian Federation to compensate Ukraine for
3	all amounts determined to be owed to Ukraine.
4	SEC. 105. INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT TO USE RUSSIAN
5	SOVEREIGN ASSETS TO PROVIDE FOR THE
6	RECONSTRUCTION OF UKRAINE.
7	(a) In General.—The President shall take such ac-
8	tion as the President determines necessary to seek to es-
9	tablish a common international compensation mechanism,
10	in coordination with foreign partners including Ukraine,
11	that shall include the establishment of an international
12	fund to be known as the "Common Ukraine Fund", that
13	uses assets in the Ukraine Support Fund established
14	under section 104(c) and contributions from foreign part-
15	ners that have also confiscated Russian sovereign assets
16	to allow for compensation for Ukraine, including by—
17	(1) establishing a register of damage to serve as
18	a record of evidence and for assessment of the full
19	costs of damages to Ukraine resulting from the inva-
20	sion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation that
21	began on February 24, 2022;
22	(2) establishing a mechanism for compensating
23	Ukraine for damages resulting from that invasion;
22	(2) establishing a mechanism for compensati

1	(3) ensuring distribution of those assets or the
2	proceeds of those assets based on determinations
3	under that mechanism; and
4	(4) taking such other actions as may be nec-
5	essary to carry out this section.
6	(b) Authorization for Deposit in the Common
7	UKRAINE FUND.—Upon the President reaching an agree-
8	ment or arrangement to establish a common international
9	compensation mechanism pursuant to subsection (a), the
10	Secretary of State shall transfer funds from the Ukraine
11	Support Fund established under section 104(c) to the
12	Common Ukraine Fund established under subsection (a).
13	(c) Notifications.—
14	(1) AGREEMENT OR ARRANGEMENT.—The
15	President shall notify the appropriate congressional
16	committees not later than 30 days before entering
17	into any new bilateral or multilateral agreement or
18	arrangement under subsection (a).
19	(2) Transfer.—The President shall notify the
20	appropriate congressional committees not later than
21	30 days before any transfer to the Common Ukraine
22	Fund established under subsection (a).
23	(d) Limitation on Transfer of Funds.—No
24	funds may be transferred to the Common Ukraine Fund

1	established under subsection (a) unless the President cer-
2	tifies to the appropriate congressional committees that—
3	(1) the institution housing the Common
4	Ukraine Fund has a plan to ensure transparency
5	and accountability for all funds transferred to and
6	from the Common Ukraine Fund; and
7	(2) the President has transmitted the plan re-
8	quired under paragraph (1) to the appropriate con-
9	gressional committees in writing.
10	(e) Joint Resolution of Disapproval.—No
11	funds may be transferred to the Common Ukraine Fund
12	established under subsection (a) if, within 30 days of re-
13	ceipt of the notification required under subsection $(c)(2)$,
14	a joint resolution is enacted prohibiting the transfer.
15	(f) Report.—Not later than 90 days after the date
16	of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than
17	every 90 days thereafter, the President shall submit to the
18	appropriate congressional committees a report that in-
19	cludes the following:
20	(1) An accounting of funds in the Common
21	Ukraine Fund established under subsection (a).
22	(2) Any information regarding the disposition
23	of the Common Ukraine Fund that has been trans-
24	mitted to the President by the institution housing

1	the Common Ukraine Fund during the period cov-
2	ered by the report.
3	(3) A description of United States multilateral
4	and bilateral diplomatic engagement with allies and
5	partners of the United States that also have immo-
6	bilized Russian sovereign assets to allow for com-
7	pensation for Ukraine during the period covered by
8	the report.
9	(4) An outline of steps taken to carry out this
10	section during the period covered by the report.
11	SEC. 106. REPORT ON USE OF CONFISCATED RUSSIAN SOV
12	EREIGN ASSETS FOR RECONSTRUCTION.
13	Not later than 90 days after the date of the enact-
13 14	Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter, the Sec-
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14	ment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter, the Sec-
14 15	ment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the
141516	ment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall submit to the appropriate congressional
14151617	ment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that contains—
14 15 16 17 18	ment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that contains— (1) the amount and source of Russian sovereign
141516171819	ment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that contains— (1) the amount and source of Russian sovereign assets confiscated pursuant to subsection (b)(1) of
14151617181920	ment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that contains— (1) the amount and source of Russian sovereign assets confiscated pursuant to subsection (b)(1) of section 104;

(3) a detailed description and accounting of
how such funds were used to meet the purposes de-
scribed in subsection (d) of that section.
SEC. 107. ASSESSMENT BY SECRETARY OF STATE AND AD-
MINISTRATOR OF UNITED STATES AGENCY
FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ON RE-
CONSTRUCTION AND REBUILDING NEEDS OF
UKRAINE.
(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State,
in consultation with the Administrator of the United
States Agency for International Development, shall submit
to the appropriate congressional committees an assess-
ment of the most pressing needs of Ukraine for recon-
struction, rebuilding, security assistance, and humani-
tarian aid.
(b) Elements.—The assessment required by sub-
section (a) shall include the following:
(1) An estimate of the rebuilding and recon-
struction needs of Ukraine, as of the date of the as-
sessment, resulting from the unlawful invasion of
Ukraine by the Russian Federation, including—
(A) a description of the sources and meth-
ods for the estimate; and

1 (B) an identification of the locations or re-2 gions in Ukraine with the most pressing needs. 3 (2) An estimate of the humanitarian needs, as 4 of the date of the assessment, of the people of 5 Ukraine, including Ukrainians residing inside the 6 internationally recognized borders of Ukraine or out-7 side those borders, resulting from the unlawful inva-8 sion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation. 9 (3) An assessment of the extent to which the 10 needs described in paragraphs (1) and (2) have been 11 met or funded, by any source, as of the date of the 12 assessment. 13 (4) A plan to engage in robust multilateral and 14 bilateral diplomacy to ensure that allies and partners 15 of the United States, particularly in the European 16 Union as Ukraine seeks accession, increase their 17 commitment to Ukraine's reconstruction. 18 (5) An identification of which such needs 19 should be prioritized, including any assessment or 20 request by the Government of Ukraine with respect 21 to the prioritization of such needs.

1	SEC. 108. EXCEPTION RELATING TO IMPORTATION OF
2	GOODS.
3	(a) In General.—The authorities and requirements
4	under this title shall not include the authority or a require-
5	ment to impose sanctions on the importation of goods.
6	(b) Good Defined.—In this section, the term
7	"good" means any article, natural or manmade substance,
8	material, supply, or manufactured product, including in-
9	spection and test equipment, and excluding technical data.
10	SEC. 109. DEFINITIONS.
11	In this title:
12	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
13	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
14	mittees" means—
15	(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations
16	and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
17	Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
18	(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
19	the Committee on Financial Services of the
20	House of Representatives.
21	(2) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term "fi-
22	nancial institution" means a financial institution
23	specified in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (D), (E),
24	(F), (G), (H), (I), (J), (M), or (Z) of section
25	5312(a)(2) of title 31, United States Code.

1	(3) G7.—The term "G7" means the countries
2	that are member of the informal Group of 7, includ-
3	ing Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the
4	United Kingdom, and the United States.
5	(4) Russian sovereign asset.—The term
6	"Russian sovereign asset" means any of the fol-
7	lowing:
8	(A) Funds and other property of—
9	(i) the Central Bank of the Russian
10	Federation;
11	(ii) the Russian Direct Investment
12	Fund; or
13	(iii) the Ministry of Finance of the
14	Russian Federation.
15	(B) Any sovereign funds of the Russian
16	Federation held in a financial institution that is
17	wholly owned or controlled by the Government
18	of the Russian Federation.
19	(C) Any other funds or other property
20	wholly owned or controlled by the Government
21	of the Russian Federation, including by any
22	subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of that
23	government.
24	(5) United states.—The term "United
25	States" means the several States, the District of Co-

1	lumbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Com-
2	monwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Amer-
3	ican Samoa, Guam, the United States Virgin Is-
4	lands, and any other territory or possession of the
5	United States.
6	(6) United states financial institution.—
7	The term "United States financial institution"
8	means a financial institution organized under the
9	laws of the United States or of any jurisdiction with-
10	in the United States, including a foreign branch of
11	such an institution.
12	TITLE II—MULTILATERAL
13	SANCTIONS COORDINATION
14	SEC. 201. STATEMENT OF POLICY REGARDING COORDINA-
15	TION OF MULTILATERAL SANCTIONS WITH
16	RESPECT TO THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.
17	(a) In General.—In response to the Russian Fed-
18	eration's unprovoked and illegal invasion of Ukraine, it is
19	the policy of the United States that—
20	(1) the United States, along with the European
21	Union, the G7, Australia, and other willing allies
22	and partners of the United States, should lead a co-
23	
	ordinated international sanctions regime to freeze
24	sovereign assets of the Russian Federation;

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ROS23873 WDC S.L.C.

(2) the head of the Office of Sanctions Coordination of the Department of State should engage in interagency and multilateral coordination with agencies of the European Union, the G7, Australia, and other allies and partners of the United States to ensure the ongoing implementation and enforcement of sanctions with respect to the Russian Federation in response to its invasion of Ukraine; (3) the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, should, to the extent practicable and consistent with relevant United States law, lead and coordinate with the European Union, the G7, Australia, and other allies and partners of the United States with respect to enforcement of sanctions imposed with respect to the Russian Federation; (4) the United States should provide relevant technical assistance, implementation guidance, and support relating to enforcement and implementation of sanctions imposed with respect to the Russian Federation; (5) where appropriate, the head of the Office of Sanctions Coordination, in coordination with the Bureau of Economic and Business Affairs and the Bureau of European and Eurasian Affairs of the De-

partment of State and the Department of the Treas-1 2 ury, should seek private sector input regarding sanc-3 tions policy with respect to the Russian Federation 4 and the implementation of and compliance with such 5 sanctions imposed with respect to the Russian Fed-6 eration; and 7 (6) the Secretary of State, in coordination with 8 the Secretary of the Treasury, should continue ro-9 bust diplomatic engagement with allies and partners 10 of the United States, including the European Union, 11 the G7, and Australia, to encourage such allies and 12 partners to impose such sanctions. 13 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— 14 (1) In General.—There is authorized to be 15 appropriated to the Office of Sanctions Coordination 16 of the Department of State \$15,000,000 for each of 17 fiscal years 2024, 2025, and 2026 to carry out this 18 section. 19 (2)SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—The 20 amounts authorized to be appropriated by paragraph 21 shall supplement and not supplant (1)22 amounts authorized to be appropriated for the Office

of Sanctions Coordination.

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1	SEC. 202. ASSESSMENT OF IMPACT OF UKRAINE-RELATED
2	SANCTIONS ON THE ECONOMY OF THE RUS-
3	SIAN FEDERATION.
4	(a) Report and Briefings.—At the times specified
5	in subsection (b), the President shall submit a report and
6	provide a briefing to the appropriate congressional com-
7	mittees on the impact on the economy of the Russian Fed-
8	eration of sanctions imposed by the United States and
9	other countries with respect to the Russian Federation in
10	response to the unlawful invasion of Ukraine by the Rus-
11	sian Federation.
12	(b) Timing.—The President shall—
13	(1) submit a report and provide a briefing de-
14	scribed in subsection (a) to the appropriate congres-
15	sional committees not later than 90 days after the
16	date of the enactment of this Act; and
17	(2) submit to the appropriate congressional
18	committees a report described in subsection (a)
19	every 180 days thereafter until the date that is 5
20	years after such date of enactment.
21	(c) Elements.—Each report required by this section
22	shall include—
23	(1) an assessment of—
24	(A) the impacts of the sanctions described
25	in subsection (a), disaggregated by major eco-
26	nomic sector, including the energy, aerospace

1	and defense, shipping, banking, and financial
2	sectors;
3	(B) the macroeconomic impact of those
4	sanctions on Russian, European, and global
5	economy market trends, including shifts in
6	global markets as a result of those sanctions;
7	and
8	(C) efforts by other countries or actors and
9	offshore financial providers to facilitate sanc-
10	tions evasion by the Russian Federation or take
11	advantage of gaps in international markets re-
12	sulting from the international sanctions regime
13	in place with respect to the Russian Federation;
14	and
15	(2) recommendations for further sanctions en-
16	forcement measures based on trends described in
17	paragraph (1)(B).
18	SEC. 203. INFORMATION ON VOTING PRACTICES IN THE
19	UNITED NATIONS WITH RESPECT TO THE IN-
20	VASION OF UKRAINE BY THE RUSSIAN FED-
21	ERATION.
22	Section 406(b) of the Foreign Relations Authoriza-
23	tion Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (22 U.S.C.
24	2414a(b)), is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (4), by striking "Assembly
2	on" and all that follows through "opposed by the
3	United States" and inserting the following: "Assem-
4	bly on—''
5	"(A) resolutions specifically related to
6	Israel that are opposed by the United States;
7	and
8	"(B) resolutions specifically related to the
9	invasion of Ukraine by the Russian Federa-
10	tion.";
11	(2) in paragraph (5), by striking "; and and
12	inserting a semicolon;
13	(3) by redesignating paragraph (6) as para-
14	graph (7); and
15	(4) by inserting after paragraph (5) the fol-
16	lowing:
17	"(6) an analysis and discussion, prepared in
18	consultation with the Secretary of State, of the ex-
19	tent to which member countries supported United
20	States policy objectives in the Security Council and
21	the General Assembly with respect to the invasion of
22	Ukraine by the Russian Federation; and".