116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	S.	
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To support the peaceful resolution of the civil war in Yemen, to address the resulting humanitarian crisis, and to hold the perpetrators responsible for murdering a Saudi dissident.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Menendez (for himself, Mr. Young, Mr. Reed, Mr. Graham, Mrs. Shaheen, Ms. Collins, and Mr. Murphy) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To support the peaceful resolution of the civil war in Yemen, to address the resulting humanitarian crisis, and to hold the perpetrators responsible for murdering a Saudi dissident.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Saudi Arabia Accountability and Yemen Act of 2019".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—PEACEFUL RESOLUTION OF THE CIVIL WAR IN YEMEN AND PROTECTION OF CIVILIANS

- Sec. 101. Statement of policy.
- Sec. 102. Sense of Congress.
- Sec. 103. United States strategy for ending the war in Yemen.
- Sec. 104. Report on accountability for violations of international law, including war crimes, and other harm to civilians in Yemen.
- Sec. 105. Suspension of arms transfers to Saudi Arabia.
- Sec. 106. Prohibition on in-flight refueling of Saudi coalition aircraft operating in Yemen.
- Sec. 107. Imposition of sanctions with respect to persons hindering humanitarian access and threatening the peace or stability of Yemen.
- Sec. 108. Imposition of sanctions with respect to persons supporting the Houthis in Yemen.
- Sec. 109. GAO review of United States military support to Saudi-led coalition.
- Sec. 110. Emergency protection for Yemeni cultural property.

TITLE II—SAUDI ARABIA ACCOUNTABILITY

- Sec. 201. Imposition of sanctions on persons responsible for the death of Jamal Khashoggi.
- Sec. 202. Report on Saudi Arabia's human rights record.

TITLE III—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. Rule of construction.

Sec. 302. Sunset.

1 TITLE I—PEACEFUL RESOLU-

2 TION OF THE CIVIL WAR IN

3 YEMEN AND PROTECTION OF

4 CIVILIANS

5 SEC. 101. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

- 6 It is the policy of the United States—
- 7 (1) to support United Nations-led efforts for a
- 8 comprehensive political settlement that leads to a
- 9 territorially unified, stable, and independent Yemen;
- 10 (2) to insist on the urgent need for a political
- solution, consistent with United Nations Security
- 12 Council Resolution 2216 (2015), or any successor

l	United Nations Security Council Resolution demand-
2	ing an end to violence in Yemen and peaceful resolu-
3	tion of the conflict in that country;
4	(3) to reject all statements, policies, or actions
5	advocating for a military solution to the civil war in
6	Yemen;
7	(4) to encourage long-standing United States
8	security partners, including the Government of
9	Saudi Arabia and the Government of the United
10	Arab Emirates, to take the lead in confidence-build-
11	ing measures that open space for political dialogue
12	to end the war in Yemen and address the humani-
13	tarian crisis; and
14	(5) to support the implementation of the agree-
15	ments reached between the parties to the conflict at
16	Stockholm, Sweden on December 13, 2018, con-
17	sistent with United Nations Security Council Resolu-
18	tion 2451 (2018).
19	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
20	It is the sense of Congress that—
21	(1) continued direct negotiations between the
22	Government of Saudi Arabia, the internationally-rec-
23	ognized Government of Yemen, and representatives
24	of the Houthi movement (also known as "Ansar
25	Allah'') are required—

1	(A) to reach a political solution;
2	(B) to implement the agreements reached
3	between the Saudi-led coalition, the internation-
4	ally recognized Government of Yemen, local
5	Yemeni forces, and Ansar Allah at Stockholm
6	Sweden on December 13, 2018 (referred to in
7	this title as the "Stockholm Agreement");
8	(C) to address the suffering of the Yemen
9	people; and
10	(D) to counter efforts by Iran, al Qaeda,
11	and ISIS to exploit instability for their own ma-
12	lign purposes;
13	(2) the Government of Saudi Arabia and the
14	Government of the United Arab Emirates bear sig-
15	nificant responsibility for the economic stabilization
16	and eventual reconstruction of Yemen; and
17	(3) the United States and the international
18	community must continue to support the work of
19	United Nations Special Envoy Martin Griffiths to
20	achieve a political solution to the civil war in Yemen
21	including by supporting the implementation of the
22	Stockholm Agreement and United Nations Security
23	Council Resolution 2451 (2018).

1	SEC. 103. UNITED STATES STRATEGY FOR ENDING THE
2	WAR IN YEMEN.
3	(a) Defined Term.—In this title, the term "appro-
4	priate congressional committees" means—
5	(1) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
6	Senate;
7	(2) the Committee on Armed Services of the
8	Senate;
9	(3) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the
10	House of Representatives; and
11	(4) the Committee on Armed Services of the
12	House of Representatives.
13	(b) Strategy.—Not later than 30 days after the
14	date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90 days there-
15	after until a complete cessation of hostilities in the Yemen
16	civil war, the Secretary of State, the Administrator of the
17	United States Agency for International Development, the
18	Secretary of Defense, and the Director of National Intel-
19	ligence shall provide a briefing to the appropriate congres-
20	sional committees on the progress of the United States
21	strategy to end the war in Yemen.
22	(e) Elements.—The briefing required under sub-
23	section (b) shall include—
24	(1) a summary of the United States national
25	security interests threatened by continued civil war
26	and instability in Yemen;

1	(2) a description of the steps necessary to end
2	the civil war in Yemen and achieve a territorially
3	unified, stable, and independent Yemen;
4	(3) a description of efforts to implement the
5	Stockholm Agreement;
6	(4) a description of whether the Saudi-led coali-
7	tion, the internationally recognized Government of
8	Yemen, local Yemeni forces, and Ansar Allah are
9	taking the necessary steps referred to in paragraphs
10	(2) and (3);
11	(5) a description of United States activities to
12	encourage all parties to take the necessary steps re-
13	ferred to in paragraphs (2) and (3);
14	(6) an assessment of the threat posed by A
15	Qaeda and the Islamic State in Yemen to United
16	States national security, including—
17	(A) a comprehensive list of all sources of
18	support received by these groups; and
19	(B) an assessment regarding whether the
20	activities of Al Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula
21	and the Islamic State in Yemen have expanded
22	or diminished since the beginning of the war in
23	Yemen;

1	(7) an explanation of how the United States
2	has used, and plans to use, its military and diplo-
3	matic leverage—
4	(A) to end the civil war in Yemen; and
5	(B) to move the stakeholders in the war to-
6	ward a political process to end the war;
7	(8) an assessment of Iran's activities in Yemen,
8	including—
9	(A) a comprehensive summary of all recipi-
10	ents of illicit Iranian support in Yemen; and
11	(B) an assessment regarding whether the
12	scope of Iran's influence and activities in
13	Yemen have increased or decreased since the
14	beginning of the war in Yemen;
15	(9) a description of Russia's activities in Yemen
16	and an assessment of Russia's objectives for such
17	activities; and
18	(10) any other matters relevant to ending the
19	civil war in Yemen.
20	SEC. 104. REPORT ON ACCOUNTABILITY FOR VIOLATIONS
21	OF INTERNATIONAL LAW, INCLUDING WAR
22	CRIMES, AND OTHER HARM TO CIVILIANS IN
23	YEMEN.
24	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
25	gress that—

1	(1) all stakeholders in the conflict in Yemen
2	should end all practices involving arbitrary arrests,
3	enforced disappearances, torture, and other unlawful
4	treatment;
5	(2) all stakeholders in the conflict in Yemen
6	should reveal the fate or the location of all persons
7	who have been subjected to enforced disappearance
8	by such stakeholders;
9	(3) all persons who remain in custody as a re-
10	sult of the conflict in Yemen should be granted im-
11	mediate access to their families;
12	(4) the locations of all detention facilities run
13	or supervised by members of the Saudi-led coalition
14	should be revealed and brought under the super-
15	vision of the Prosecutor General of Yemen;
16	(5) independent monitors should be granted ac-
17	cess to all places of detention in Yemen;
18	(6) all stakeholders to the conflict in Yemen
19	should fully cooperate with the United Nations
20	Panel of Experts on Yemen.
21	(b) Report.—Not later than 90 days after the date
22	of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall
23	submit a report to the appropriate congressional commit-
24	tees that describes the causes and consequences of civilian
25	harm occurring in the armed conflict in Yemen, including

1	war crimes, and gross violations of human rights as a re-
2	sult of the actions of all parties to the conflict.
3	(c) Elements.—The report required under sub-
4	section (b) shall include—
5	(1) a description of civilian harm occurring in
6	the context of the armed conflict in Yemen, includ-
7	ing—
8	(A) mass casualty incidents; and
9	(B) damage to, and destruction of, civilian
10	infrastructure and services, including—
11	(i) hospitals and other medical facili-
12	ties;
13	(ii) electrical grids;
14	(iii) water systems;
15	(iv) ports and port infrastructure; and
16	(v) other critical infrastructure;
17	(2) violations of the law of armed conflict com-
18	mitted during the war in Yemen by—
19	(A) all forces involved in the Saudi-led coa-
20	lition and all forces fighting on its behalf;
21	(B) members of the Houthi movement and
22	all forces fighting on its behalf;
23	(C) members of violent extremist organiza-
24	tions; and
25	(D) any other combatants in the conflict;

1	(3) as examples of violations referred to in
2	paragraph (2)—
3	(A) alleged war crimes;
4	(B) specific instances of failure by the par-
5	ties to the conflict to exercise distinction, pro-
6	portionality, and precaution in the use force in
7	accordance with the law of armed conflict;
8	(C) arbitrary denials of humanitarian ac-
9	cess and the resulting impact on the alleviation
10	of human suffering;
11	(D) detention-related abuses;
12	(E) the use of child soldiers, including
13	members of the Sudanese paramilitary Rapid
14	Support Forces (previously known as the
15	"Janjaweed militia"); and
16	(F) other acts that may constitute viola-
17	tions of the law of armed conflict; and
18	(4) recommendations for establishing account-
19	ability mechanisms for the civilian harm, war crimes
20	other violations of the law of armed conflict, and
21	gross violations of human rights perpetrated by par-
22	ties to the conflict in Yemen, including—
23	(A) the potential for prosecuting individ-
24	uals perpetrating, organizing, directing, or or-
25	dering such violations; and

1	(B) establishing condolence payments for
2	the impacted members of the civilian popu-
3	lation.
4	(d) FORM.—The report required under subsection (b)
5	shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain
6	a classified annex.
7	SEC. 105. SUSPENSION OF ARMS TRANSFERS TO SAUDI
8	ARABIA.
9	(a) Restriction.—Except as provided in subsection
10	(b), during the period beginning on the date of the enact-
11	ment of this Act and ending on September 30, 2020, the
12	United States Government—
13	(1) may not sell, transfer, or authorize licenses
14	for export to the Government of Saudi Arabia any
15	item designated under Category III, IV, VII, or VIII
16	on the United States Munitions List pursuant to
17	section 38(a)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act (22
18	U.S.C. $2778(a)(1)$; and
19	(2) shall suspend any licenses or other approv-
20	als that were issued before the date of the enact-
21	ment of this Act for the export to the Government
22	of Saudi Arabia of any item designated under Cat-
23	egory IV of the United States Munitions List.

1	(b) EXCEPTION.—The prohibition under subsection
2	(a) shall not apply to sales, transfers, or export licenses
3	relating to ground-based missile defense systems.
4	(c) WAIVER.—The President may waive the restric-
5	tion under subsection (a) for items designated under Cat-
6	egories III, VII, and VIII of the United States Munitions
7	List not earlier than 30 days after—
8	(1) the Secretary of State, in coordination with
9	the Secretary of Defense, submits a written, unclas-
10	sified certification to the appropriate congressional
11	committees stating that—
12	(A) such waiver is in the national security
13	interests of the United States;
14	(B) the Saudi-led coalition, during the
15	180-day period immediately preceding the date
16	of such certification, has continuously—
17	(i) honored a complete cessation of
18	hostilities in the Yemen civil war, including
19	ending all air strikes and all offensive
20	ground operations that are not associated
21	with al Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula or
22	ISIS;
23	(ii) fully supported, in statements and
24	actions, the work of United Nations Spe-

1	cial Envoy Martin Griffiths to find a polit-
2	ical solution to the conflict in Yemen; and
3	(iii) abstained from any actions to re-
4	strict, delay, or interfere with the delivery
5	of cargo to or within Yemen unless—
6	(I) such action was taken exclu-
7	sively to carry out inspections based
8	on specific intelligence that a cargo
9	shipment contains weapons prohibited
10	under United Nations Security Coun-
11	cil Resolution 2216 (2015); and
12	(II) the Saudi-led coalition timely
13	submitted any reports required under
14	such Resolution after the conclusion
15	of such action; and
16	(C) Ansar Allah or associated forces, dur-
17	ing the 180-day period immediately preceding
18	the date of such certification—
19	(i) launched missile or unmanned aer-
20	ial vehicle strikes into Saudi Arabia or the
21	United Arab Emirates;
22	(ii) conducted ground incursions into
23	the territory of Saudi Arabia or the United
24	Arab Emirates;

1	(111) accepted weapons, weapons com-
2	ponents, funding, or military training from
3	the Islamic Republic of Iran;
4	(iv) attacked vessels in the Red Sea;
5	or
6	(v) prohibited or otherwise restricted,
7	directly or indirectly, the transport or de-
8	livery of humanitarian or commercial ship-
9	ments to and within Yemen; and
10	(2) the Comptroller General of the United
11	States, not later than 45 days after the submission
12	of the certification under paragraph (1), submits a
13	written, unclassified report to the appropriate con-
14	gressional committees assessing the responsiveness,
15	completeness, and accuracy of such certification.
16	(d) Classified Briefing.—If the Secretary of
17	State and the Secretary of Defense determine that Ansar
18	Allah has engaged in any of the actions described in sub-
19	section (c)(1)(C), the Secretary of State and the Secretary
20	of Defense shall provide a classified briefing to the appro-
21	priate congressional committees not later than 10 days
22	after submitting the certification under subsection $(c)(1)$
23	to provide details to support such determination.

1	SEC. 106. PROHIBITION ON IN-FLIGHT REFUELING OF
2	SAUDI COALITION AIRCRAFT OPERATING IN
3	YEMEN.
4	(a) In General.—No Federal funds may be obli-
5	gated or expended under section 2342 of title 10, United
6	States Code, or under any other applicable statutory au-
7	thority, to provide in-flight refueling of Saudi or Saudi-
8	led coalition non-United States aircraft conducting mis-
9	sions as part of the ongoing civil war in Yemen.
10	(b) Report Required.—Not later than 30 days
11	after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 30
12	days thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall submit a
13	report to the appropriate congressional committees detail-
14	ing—
15	(1) the expenses incurred by the United States
16	in providing in-flight refueling services for Saudi or
17	Saudi-led coalition non-United States aircraft con-
18	ducting missions as part of the civil war in Yemen
19	between March 2015 and November 11, 2018; and
20	(2) the extent to which the expenses referred to
21	in paragraph (1) have been reimbursed by members
22	of the Saudi-led coalition.
23	(c) Elements.—The report required under sub-
24	section (b) shall include—
25	(1) the total expenses incurred by the United
26	States in providing in-flight refueling services, in-

1	cluding fuel, flight hours, and other applicable ex-
2	penses, to Saudi or Saudi-led coalition, non-United
3	States aircraft conducting missions as part of the
4	civil war in Yemen;
5	(2) the amount of the expenses described in
6	paragraph (1) that have been reimbursed by each
7	member of the Saudi-led coalition; and
8	(3) actions taken by the United States to re-
9	coup the unreimbursed expenses described in para-
10	graph (1), including any commitments by members
11	of the Saudi-led coalition to reimburse the United
12	States for such expenses.
13	(d) Sunset.—The reporting requirement under sub-
14	section (b) shall cease to be effective on the date on which
15	the Secretary of Defense submits written certification to
16	the appropriate congressional committees that all of the
17	expenses incurred by the United State in providing in-
18	flight refueling services for Saudi or Saudi-led coalition
19	non-United States aircraft conducting missions as part of
20	the civil war in Yemen have been reimbursed.

1	SEC. 107. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO
2	PERSONS HINDERING HUMANITARIAN AC-
3	CESS AND THREATENING THE PEACE OR STA-
4	BILITY OF YEMEN.
5	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
6	gress that the President should continue to implement Ex-
7	ecutive Order 13611 (77 Fed. Reg. 29533), relating to
8	blocking property of persons threatening the peace, secu-
9	rity, or stability of Yemen.
10	(b) Sanctions Authorized.—Not later than 60
11	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Presi-
12	dent shall impose the sanctions described in subsection (c)
13	with respect to each person that the President deter-
14	mines—
15	(1)(A) is knowingly blocking access to Yemeni
16	ports, ports of entry, or other facilities used by the
17	United Nations, its specialized agencies and imple-
18	menting partners, national and international non-
19	governmental organizations, or any other actors en-
20	gaged in humanitarian relief activities in Yemen; or
21	(B) is otherwise hindering the efforts of such
22	organizations to deliver humanitarian relief, includ-
23	ing through diversion of goods and materials in-
24	tended to provide relief to civilians in Yemen;
25	(2)(A) is knowingly threatening the humani-
26	tarian actors referred to in paragraph (1)(A); or

1	(B) is engaging in acts of violence against such
2	actors in Yemen or across conflict lines and borders
3	(3) is responsible for actions or policies that are
4	intended to undermine—
5	(A) the United Nations-led political proc-
6	ess to end the conflict in Yemen; or
7	(B) efforts to promote stabilization and re-
8	construction in Yemen;
9	(4) is a successor entity to a person referred to
10	in paragraphs (1) through (3);
11	(5) owns or controls, or is owned or controlled
12	by, a person referred to in paragraphs (1) through
13	(3);
14	(6) is acting for or, on behalf of, a person re-
15	ferred to in paragraphs (1) through (3); or
16	(7) has knowingly provided, or attempted to
17	provide, financial, material, technological, or other
18	support for, or goods or services in support of, a
19	person referred to in paragraphs (1) through (3).
20	(c) Sanctions Described.—
21	(1) In general.—The sanctions described in
22	this subsection are the following:
23	(A) Asset blocking.—In accordance with
24	the International Emergency Economic Powers
25	Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), the President

1	shall block all transactions in all property and
2	interests in property of a person subject to sub-
3	section (a) if such property and interests in
4	property—
5	(i) are in the United States;
6	(ii) are transported into the United
7	States; or
8	(iii) are in, or come into, the posses-
9	sion or control of a United States person.
10	(B) Aliens ineligible for visas, ad-
11	MISSION, OR PAROLE.—
12	(i) Exclusion from the united
13	STATES.—The Secretary of State shall
14	deny a visa to, and the Secretary of Home-
15	land Security shall exclude from the
16	United States, any alien subject to sub-
17	section (b).
18	(ii) Current visas revoked.—
19	(I) In General.—The issuing
20	consular officer, the Secretary of
21	State, or the Secretary of Homeland
22	Security (or a designee of any such
23	officer or Secretary) shall revoke any
24	visa or other entry documentation
25	issued to an alien subject to sub-

1	section (b), regardless of when such
2	visa was issued.
3	(II) EFFECT OF REVOCATION.—
4	A revocation under subclause (I) shall
5	take effect immediately and shall
6	automatically cancel any other valid
7	visa or entry documentation that is in
8	the alien's possession.
9	(2) Inapplicability of national emer-
10	GENCY REQUIREMENT.—The requirements under
11	section 202 of the International Emergency Eco-
12	nomic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701) shall not apply
13	for purposes of the imposition of sanctions under
14	this section.
15	(3) Penalties.—Any person that violates, at-
16	tempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a
17	violation described in subsection (b), or any regula-
18	tion, license, or order issued to carry out such para-
19	graph, shall be subject to the penalties set forth in
20	subsections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the Inter-
21	national Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
22	U.S.C. 1705) to the same extent as a person that
23	commits an unlawful act described in subsection (a)
24	of such section.

1	SEC. 108. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO
2	PERSONS SUPPORTING THE HOUTHIS IN
3	YEMEN.
4	(a) Determination.—Not later than 30 days after
5	the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall
6	determine if the Houthi movement (also known as "Ansar
7	Allah") has engaged meaningfully in United Nations-led
8	efforts for a comprehensive political settlement that leads
9	to a territorially unified, stable, and independent Yemen.
10	(b) Sanctions.—If the President is unable to make
11	the determination described in subsection (a), the Presi-
12	dent shall impose the sanctions described in subsection (c)
13	on any person that the President determines—
14	(1) has knowingly assisted, sponsored, provided,
15	or attempted to provide significant financial, mate-
16	rial, or technological support for, or goods or serv-
17	ices in support of, the Houthis movement in Yemen,
18	its successor entities, entities that own or control, or
19	are owned or controlled by, the Houthi movement, or
20	entities acting for, or on behalf of, the Houthi move-
21	ment;
22	(2) has knowingly engaged in any activity that
23	materially contributes to the supply, sale, or direct
24	or indirect transfer to or from the Houthi movement
25	in Yemen, its successor entities, entities that own or
26	control, or are owned or controlled by, the Houthi

1 movement, or entities acting for or on behalf of the 2 Houthi movement, of any firearms or ammunition, 3 battle tanks, armored vehicles, artillery or mortar 4 systems, aircraft, attack helicopters, warships, mis-5 siles or missile systems, or explosive mines of any 6 type (as such terms are defined for the purpose of 7 the United Nations Register of Conventional Arms), 8 ground-to-air missiles, unmanned aerial vehicles, or 9 related materiel, including spare parts; 10 (3) has knowingly provided any technical train-11 ing, financial resources or services, advice, other 12 services or assistance related to the supply, sale, 13 transfer, manufacture, maintenance, or use of arms 14 and related material described in paragraph (2) to 15 the Houthi movement in Yemen, its successor enti-16 ties, entities that own or control, or are owned or 17 controlled by, the Houthi movement, or entities act-18 ing for or on behalf of the Houthi movement; 19 (4) is a successor entity to a person described 20 in paragraph (1), (2), or (3); 21 (5) is an entity that owns or controls, or is 22 owned or controlled by, a person described in para-23 graph (1), (2), or (3); or 24 (6) is an entity that is acting for, or on behalf

of, a person referred to in paragraph (1), (2), or (3).

25

1	(c) Sanctions Described.—
2	(1) In general.—The sanctions described in
3	this subsection are the following:
4	(A) Asset blocking.—In accordance with
5	the International Emergency Economic Powers
6	Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), the President
7	shall block all transactions in property, or inter-
8	ests in property, of a person subject to sub-
9	section (b) if such property or interests in prop-
10	erty—
11	(i) are in the United States;
12	(ii) are transported into the United
13	States; or
14	(iii) are in, or come into, the posses-
15	sion or control of a United States person.
16	(B) ALIENS INELIGIBLE FOR VISAS, AD-
17	MISSION, OR PAROLE.—
18	(i) EXCLUSION FROM THE UNITED
19	STATES.—The Secretary of State shall
20	deny a visa to, and the Secretary of Home-
21	land Security shall exclude from the
22	United States, any alien subject to sub-
23	section (b).
24	(ii) Current visas revoked.—

1	(I) In General.—The issuing
2	consular officer, the Secretary of
3	State, or the Secretary of Homeland
4	Security (or a designee of any such
5	officer or Secretary) shall revoke any
6	visa or other entry documentation
7	issued to an alien subject to sub-
8	section (b), regardless of when such
9	visa was issued.
10	(II) EFFECT OF REVOCATION.—
11	A revocation under subclause (I) shall
12	take effect immediately and shall
13	automatically cancel any other valid
14	visa or entry documentation that is in
15	the alien's possession.
16	(C) Denial of Certain trans-
17	ACTIONS.—Any letter of offer and acceptance,
18	or license to export, any defense article or de-
19	fense service controlled for export under the
20	Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et
21	seq.) or the Export Administration Act of 1979
22	(50 U.S.C. 4601 et seq.), as continued in force
23	by the International Emergency Economic Pow-
24	ers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), requested by
25	a person described in subsection (b) shall be de-

nied until the date that is 180 days after the
date on which the Secretary of State certifies to
Congress that any action by such person described in subsection (b) has ceased.

- (2) Inapplicability of National Emergency Requirements.—The requirements under section 202 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701) shall not apply for purposes of the imposition of sanctions under this section.
- (3) Penalties.—Any person that violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (b), or any regulation, license, or order issued to carry out such paragraph, shall be subject to the penalties set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) to the same extent as a person that commits an unlawful act described in subsection (a) of such section.
- 21 (d) EXCEPTION.—The sanctions described in sub-22 section (c)(1) shall not apply to any act incidental or nec-23 essary to the provision of urgently needed humanitarian 24 assistance.

1	SEC. 109. GAO REVIEW OF UNITED STATES MILITARY SUP-
2	PORT TO SAUDI-LED COALITION.
3	(a) Review.—The Comptroller General of the United
4	States shall conduct a review of the United States military
5	support to the Saudi-led coalition that evaluates—
6	(1) the manner and extent to which the United
7	States military provides support to the Saudi-led co-
8	alition;
9	(2) how the Department of Defense prioritizes
10	aerial refueling capabilities in support of the Saudi-
11	led coalition;
12	(3) the manner and extent to which the United
13	States has been reimbursed for aerial refueling sup-
14	port of Saudi-led coalition aircraft;
15	(4) whether and how the Department of De-
16	fense determines the extent to which its advice and
17	assistance has reduced civilian casualties and dam-
18	age to civilian infrastructure, including evaluating a
19	differentiation between dynamic and deliberate tar-
20	geting by the Saudi-led coalition;
21	(5) whether and how the Department of De-
22	fense determines the efficacy of defensive advice and
23	assistance to the Saudi-led coalition, including with
24	respect to ballistic missiles and other threats to the
25	sovereignty of regional partners; and

1	(6) the responsiveness, completeness, and accu-
2	racy of any certifications submitted pursuant to sec-
3	tion 1290 of the John S. McCain National Defense
4	Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law
5	115–232).
6	(b) Briefing.—Not later than 180 days after the
7	date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
8	of the United States shall provide the preliminary results
9	of the review conducted under subsection (a) to the appro-
10	priate congressional committees.
11	(c) Final Report.—During the briefing required
12	under subsection (b), the Comptroller General shall notify
13	the appropriate congressional committees when a final re-
14	port summarizing the results of the review conducted
15	under subsection (a) will be submitted to such committees.
16	SEC. 110. EMERGENCY PROTECTION FOR YEMENI CUL-
17	TURAL PROPERTY.
18	Section 3 of the Protect and Preserve International
19	Cultural Property Act (Public Law 114-151; 130 Stat.
20	369) is amended—
21	(1) in the section heading, by inserting "AND
22	YEMENI' after "SYRIAN";
23	(2) in subsection (a), by inserting "or Yemen"
24	after "Syria" each place such term appears;
25	(3) in subsection (b)—

1	(A) in paragraph $(1)(B)(i)$, by inserting
2	"or the Government of Yemen" after "Govern-
3	ment of Syria'';
4	(B) in paragraph (2)(B)—
5	(i) by inserting "or Yemen" after
6	"Syria" each of the first 2 places such
7	term appears; and
8	(ii) in clause (ii), by inserting "or the
9	United States and Yemen, as applicable,"
10	after "United States and Syria";
11	(4) in subsection (c), by inserting "or Yemen"
12	after "Syria" each place such term appears; and
13	(5) in subsection (d), by amending paragraph
14	(2) to read as follows:
15	"(2) Archaeological or ethnological ma-
16	TERIAL OF SYRIA OR YEMEN.—The term 'archae-
17	ological or ethnological material of Syria or Yemen'
18	means cultural property (as defined in section 302
19	of the Convention on Cultural Property Implementa-
20	tion Act (19 U.S.C. 2601)) that—
21	"(A) is unlawfully removed from Syria on
22	or after March 15, 2011; or
23	"(B) is unlawfully removed from Yemen on
24	or after March 15, 2015.".

1	TITLE II—SAUDI ARABIA
2	ACCOUNTABILITY
3	SEC. 201. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS ON PERSONS RE-
4	SPONSIBLE FOR THE DEATH OF JAMAL
5	KHASHOGGI.
6	(a) In General.—Section 1263 of the Global
7	Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (22 U.S.C.
8	2656 note) is amended—
9	(1) in subsection (a), in the matter preceding
10	paragraph (1), by striking "(b)" and inserting "(c)";
11	(2) by redesignating subsections (b) through (j)
12	as subsections (c) through (k), respectively;
13	(3) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"(b) Jamal Khashoggi.—Not later than 30 days
16	after the date of the enactment of the Saudi Arabia Ac-
17	countability and Yemen Act of 2019, the President shall
18	impose the sanctions described in subsection (c) with re-
19	spect to any foreign person, including any official of the
20	government of Saudi Arabia or member of the royal family
21	of Saudi Arabia that the President determines, based on
22	credible evidence—
23	"(1) was responsible for, or complicit in, order-
24	ing, controlling, or otherwise directing an act or acts

1	contributing to or causing the death of Jamal
2	Khashoggi; or
3	"(2) has materially assisted, sponsored, or pro-
4	vided financial, material, or technological support
5	for, or goods or services in support of an activity de-
6	scribed in paragraph (1).";
7	(4) in subsection (d), as redesignated, in the
8	matter preceding paragraph (1), by inserting "or
9	(b)" after "subsection (a)";
10	(5) in subsection (f), as redesignated, by strik-
11	ing "subsection (b)(1)" and inserting "subsection
12	(e)(1)'';
13	(6) in subsection (j), as redesignated, by insert-
14	ing "or (b)" after "subsection (a)"; and
15	(7) in subsection (k), as redesignated, by strik-
16	ing paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting the fol-
17	lowing:
18	"(1) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
19	Senate;
20	"(2) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
21	Urban Affairs of the Senate;
22	"(3) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the
23	House of Representatives;
24	"(4) the Committee on Financial Services of
25	the House of Representatives; and

1	"(5) the Committee on Ways and Means of the
2	House of Representatives.".
3	(b) Briefings.—Not later than 15 days after the
4	date of the enactment of this Act, and every 45 days there-
5	after, the Secretary of State, in conjunction with the Sec-
6	retary of the Treasury and the Director of National Intel-
7	ligence, shall provide a briefing to the appropriate congres-
8	sional committees (as defined in section 1263(k) of the
9	Global Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act, as
10	amended by subsection (a)(7)) regarding the implementa-
11	tion of the amendment made by subsection (a)(3).
12	SEC. 202. REPORT ON SAUDI ARABIA'S HUMAN RIGHTS
13	RECORD.
13 14	RECORD. Not later than 30 days after the date of the enact-
14	Not later than 30 days after the date of the enact-
14 15	Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in accordance
14 15 16 17	Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in accordance with section 502B(c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of
14 15 16 17	Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in accordance with section 502B(c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2304(c)), shall submit an unclassified
14 15 16 17	Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in accordance with section 502B(c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2304(c)), shall submit an unclassified written report to Congress that—
114 115 116 117 118	Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in accordance with section 502B(c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2304(c)), shall submit an unclassified written report to Congress that— (1) includes the information required under
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in accordance with section 502B(c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2304(c)), shall submit an unclassified written report to Congress that— (1) includes the information required under such section 502B(c);
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in accordance with section 502B(c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2304(c)), shall submit an unclassified written report to Congress that— (1) includes the information required under such section 502B(c); (2) describes the extent to which officials of the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in accordance with section 502B(c) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2304(c)), shall submit an unclassified written report to Congress that— (1) includes the information required under such section 502B(c); (2) describes the extent to which officials of the Government of Saudi Arabia, including members of

1	numan rights of journalists, bloggers, and those who
2	support women's rights or religious freedom;
3	(3) describes the extent to which the Govern-
4	ment of Saudi Arabia—
5	(A) has knowingly blocked access to Yem-
6	eni ports, ports of entry, or other facilities used
7	by the United Nations, its specialized agencies
8	and implementing partners, national and inter-
9	national nongovernmental organizations, or any
10	other actors engaged in humanitarian relief ac-
11	tivities in Yemen;
12	(B) has hindered the efforts of the organi-
13	zations referred to in subparagraph (A) to de-
14	liver humanitarian relief, including through di-
15	version of goods and materials intended to pro-
16	vide relief to civilians in Yemen;
17	(C) has prohibited or directly or indirectly
18	restricted the transport or delivery of United
19	States humanitarian assistance to Yemen; and
20	(D) complied with the Secretary of State's
21	statement on October 30, 2018, related to
22	"ending the conflict in Yemen"; and
23	(4) identifies the percentage by which civilian
24	casualties and deaths, respectively, increased as a re-

- 1 sult of Saudi coalition air strikes in Yemen between 2 November 2017 and August 2018. TITLE III—GENERAL 3 **PROVISIONS** 4 5 SEC. 301. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION. 6 Nothing in this Act may be construed to limit the authority of the President pursuant to the International
- 10 SEC. 302. SUNSET.

seq.).

8

9

11 This Act shall cease to be effective on the date that

Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et

12 is 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.