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116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 727

To combat international extremism by addressing global fragility and violence and stabilizing conflict-affected areas, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 7, 2019

Mr. Coons (for himself, Mr. Graham, Mr. Merkley, Mr. Rubio, Mr. Young, Ms. Baldwin, Mr. Boozman, Mr. Markey, Mr. Cardin, Mr. Gardner, Mr. Casey, Mr. Durbin, Ms. Collins, Mr. Kaine, Mr. Peters, Ms. Cantwell, Mr. Blumenthal, and Mrs. Shaheen) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

(legislative day,),
Reported by Mr. RISCH, with an amendment	
[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in	n italic]

A BILL

To combat international extremism by addressing global fragility and violence and stabilizing conflict-affected areas, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1	CHODT	TITI E

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "Global Fragility Act
- 3 of 2019".
- 4 SEC. 2. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE-
- 5 FINED.
- 6 In this Act, the term "appropriate congressional com-
- 7 mittees" means—
- 8 (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations and
- 9 the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- 10 (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the
- 11 Committee on Appropriations of the House of Rep-
- 12 resentatives.

13 TITLE I—DEVELOPMENT OF A

- 14 **COMPREHENSIVE, TEN-YEAR,**
- 15 **GLOBAL FRAGILITY STRAT-**
- 16 EGY, AND SELECTION OF PRI-
- 17 **ORITY COUNTRIES**
- 18 SEC. 101. GLOBAL FRAGILITY STRATEGY.
- 19 (a) STRATEGY.—The President, in coordination with
- 20 the Secretary of State, the Administrator of the United
- 21 States Agency for International Development (USAID),
- 22 the Secretary of Defense, and the heads of other relevant
- 23 Federal agencies, shall establish a comprehensive, inte-
- 24 grated, ten-year strategy, to be referred to as the "Global
- 25 Fragility Strategy", to contribute to the stabilization of
- 26 conflict-affected areas, address global fragility, and

strengthen the capacity of the United States to be an effeetive leader of international efforts to prevent extremism 3 and violent conflict. The strategy shall focus on addressing 4 long-term causes of fragility and violence, and shall— 5 (1) consider the causes of fragility and violence 6 at both the local and national levels, the external ac-7 tors that reinforce and exploit such conditions, and 8 successful prevention strategies and their key fea-9 tures: 10 (2) include specific objectives and multisectoral 11 approaches to reduce fragility and the causes of vio-12 lence, including those that strengthen state-society 13 relations, curb extremist ideology, and make society 14 less vulnerable to the spread of extremism and vio-15 lence; 16 (3) encourage and empower local and national 17 actors to address the concerns of their citizens, in-18 eluding in vulnerable communities, and build com-19 munity resilience against violence and extremism; 20 (4) address the long-term underlying causes of 21 fragility and violence through participatory, locally 22 led programs, empowering marginalized groups such 23 as youth and women, inclusive dialogues and conflict 24 resolutions processes, justice sector reform, good 25 governance across all sectors, community policing

1	and civilian security, and accountable and fair serv-
2	ice delivery;
3	(5) describe approaches that ensure national
4	leadership where appropriate and participatory en-
5	gagement by civil society and local partners in the
6	design implementation and monitoring of programs;
7	(6) assign roles for relevant Federal agencies to
8	avoid duplication of efforts, while ensuring that—
9	(A) the Department of State is responsible
10	for leading the strategy, establishing United
11	States foreign policy, advancing diplomatic and
12	political efforts, and guiding security assistance
13	and related civilian security efforts;
14	(B) USAID is responsible for overseeing
15	prevention programs, and is the lead imple-
16	menting agency for development, humanitarian,
17	and related non-security program policy;
18	(C) activities undertaken or supported by
19	the Department of Defense in relation to the
20	Global Fragility Strategy are established
21	through joint formulation and with the concur-
22	rence of the Secretary of State; and
23	(D) other Federal agencies support the ac-
24	tivities of the Department of State and USAID
25	as appropriate, with the concurrence of the Sec-

1	retary of State and the Administrator of the
2	United States Agency for International Devel-
3	opment;
4	(7) describe programs that agencies will under-
5	take to achieve the stated objectives, including de-
6	scriptions of existing programs and funding by fiscal
7	year and account;
8	(8) identify mechanisms to improve coordina-
9	tion between the United States, foreign govern-
10	ments, and international organizations, including the
11	World Bank, the United Nations, regional organiza-
12	tions, and private sector organizations;
13	(9) address efforts to expand public-private
14	partnerships and leverage private sector resources;
15	(10) describe the criteria, metrics, and mecha-
16	nisms for monitoring and evaluation of programs
17	and objectives in the strategy;
18	(11) describe how the strategy will ensure that
19	programs are country-led and context-specific; and
20	(12) identify mechanisms or activities to reduce
21	the risk that the programs, policies, or resources of
22	the United States and its partners will facilitate cor-
23	ruption, empower or abet repressive local actors, or
24	be exploited by extremists to gain support for their
25	cause.

	O
1	(b) Report.—
2	(1) IN GENERAL.
3	after the date of the
4	President shall submit
5	sional committees a repo

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—Not later than 270 days enactment of this Act, the to the appropriate congresort setting forth the strategy described in subsection (a), which shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex if necessary.

- (2) REPORT CONTENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include the elements described in paragraph (3), and may include additional elements relevant to the strategy described in subsection (a).
- (3) REPORT ELEMENTS.—The elements referred to in paragraph (2) are as follows:
 - (A) The objectives, general and specific, of the strategy.
 - (B) An identification of the relevant Federal agencies that will be involved and the assignment of priorities to such agencies.
 - (C) A description of the compact-based partnerships that will be established to ensure local leadership of strategies, policy, and programs, as well as mutual accountability for re-

1	sults and resources needed to support such
2	partnerships.
3	(D) Identification of the authorities, staff-
4	ing, and other requirements needed to effec-
5	tively implement the Global Fragility Strategy.
6	(E) A description of the ways in which
7	United States leadership will be used to en-
8	hance overall international prevention efforts,
9	including through increasing the engagement of
10	the member states of the Group of Eight and
11	Group of Twenty.
12	(F) Identification of which officials of the
13	Department of State, USAID, and the Depart-
14	ment of Defense, with a rank not lower than
15	Assistant Secretary or Assistant Administrator,
16	will be responsible for overseeing and leading
17	the strategy.
18	(G) A list of priority countries selected
19	pursuant to section 102, including descriptions
20	of the rationale for such selections.
21	(e) Stakeholder Consultation.—The Global
22	Fragility Strategy required under this section shall be de-
23	$\frac{\text{veloped in consultation with representatives of civil society}}{}$
24	and national and local governance entities in countries de-
25	scribed in section 103, as well as relevant international

1	development organizations with experience implementing
2	programs in fragile countries, multilateral organizations
3	and donors, relevant private, academic, and philanthropic
4	entities, and the appropriate congressional committees.
5	SEC. 102. SELECTION OF PRIORITY COUNTRIES.
6	The President, in coordination with the Secretary of
7	State, the Administrator of the United States Agency for
8	International Development, and the Secretary of Defense
9	and in consultation with the appropriate congressional
10	committees, shall select certain countries as "priority
11	countries" for the purpose of implementing the strategy
12	required under section 101(a)—
13	(1) on the basis of—
14	(A) the national security interest of the
15	United States;
16	(B) elearly defined indicators of the levels
17	of violence or fragility in such, such as the
18	country's
19	(i) ranking on recognized global fra-
20	gility lists;
21	(ii) ranking on select United States
22	Government conflict and atrocity early
23	warning watch lists; and
24	(iii) levels of violence, including vio-
25	lence committed by armed groups, state

1	actors, and violent extremist organizations,
2	gender-based violence, and violence against
3	children and youth; and
4	(C) an assessment of the commitment and
5	capacity of national and sub-national govern-
6	ment entities and eivil society partners in such
7	country to work with Federal departments and
8	agencies on the Global Fragility Strategy, in-
9	cluding by demonstrating commitment to—
10	(i) improving inclusive, transparent,
11	and accountable power structures, includ-
12	ing effective, legitimate, and resilient na-
13	tional and sub-national institutions; and
14	(ii) ensuring strong foundations for
15	human rights, rule of law, and equal access
16	to justice; and
17	(2) in a manner that ensures that not fewer
18	than five countries are selected, and such countries
19	are in the areas of responsibility of at least three ge-
20	ographic bureaus of the Department of State.
21	SEC. 103. PRIORITY COUNTRY PLANS.
22	Not later than one year after the date of the enact-
23	ment of this Act, the President, in coordination with the
24	Secretary of State, the Administrator of the United States
25	Agency for International Development, the Secretary of

Defense, and the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, shall submit to the appropriate con-3 gressional committees ten-year plans to align and inte-4 grate under the Global Fragility Strategy established pur-5 suant to section 101 all diplomatic, development, security assistance and cooperation, and other relevant activities 6 of the United States Government with respect to each of 8 the countries selected pursuant to section 102. Each such 9 country plan shall include the following elements: 10 (1) Specific multi-year interagency plans for co-11 ordination and implementation under each such 12 plan. 13 (2) An up-to-date baseline analysis for each 14 such country, including an analysis of power dynamies, impacts of violence, and conditions that con-15 16 tribute to violence and fragility. 17 (3) Prioritized descriptions of the goals and ob-18 jectives for stabilizing conflict-affected areas, reduc-19 ing fragility, and preventing the spread of extremism 20 and violence in each such country. 21 (4) Descriptions of how and when the relevant 22 goals, objectives, plans, and benchmarks for each 23 such country will be incorporated into relevant 24 United States country plans and strategies.

(5) Interagency plans to ensure that appro-1 2 priate local actors, including government and civil 3 society entities, have an appropriate ownership stake 4 in relevant activities under each such plan. 5 (6) Interagency plans to integrate existing and 6 planned security assistance and cooperation pro-7 grams in each such country with the strategy, and 8 to mitigate risks associated with such programs, in-9 eluding risks related to corruption, governance, and 10 human rights. 11 (7) Assessment, monitoring, and evaluation 12 frameworks for diplomatic, development, and secu-13 rity activities, which shall be informed by consulta-14 tions with the stakeholders specified in section 101(e), with clear, date-certain metrics for each such 15 16 country. 17 (8) Descriptions of available policy tools and 18 how such tools will be used to reduce fragility, pre-19 vent the spread of extremism and violence, and sta-20 bilize conflict-affected areas in each such country. 21 (9) A description of how planning and imple-22 mentation for each such country will be coordinated 23 to ensure such planning and implementation are 24 conducted in partnership between the United States 25 Government and—

1	(A) governments of such countries;
2	(B) international development organiza
3	tions;
4	(C) relevant international donors;
5	(D) multilateral organizations; and
6	(E) the private sector.
7	(10) A regional component outlining plans to
8	address relevant transnational issues and how such
9	country is affected by or at risk of regional fragility
10	or violence.
11	SEC. 104. IMPLEMENTATION.
12	The President, in coordination with the Secretary of
13	State, the Administrator of the United States Agency for
14	International Development, the Secretary of Defense, the
15	heads of other relevant Federal agencies, relevant United
16	States ambassadors, USAID mission directors, geographic
17	combatant commanders, and other relevant individuals
18	with responsibility over activities in each priority country
19	selected pursuant to section 102, shall ensure that—
20	(1) the Global Fragility Strategy required
21	under section 101, including each of the country
22	plans developed under section 103, is implemented
23	updated, and coordinated on a regular and iterative
24	basis; and

I	(2) the strategy is used to guide United States
2	Government policy and incorporated into relevan-
3	strategies and plans across the United States Gov
4	ernment such that the activities of all Federal agen
5	cies are consistent with the strategy.
6	SEC. 105. BIENNIAL REPORTS AND CONGRESSIONAL CON
7	SULTATION.
8	(a) BIENNIAL REPORTS.—Not later than two years
9	after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every two
10	years thereafter until the date that is ten years after such
11	date of enactment, the President, the Secretary of State
12	the Administrator of the United States Agency for Inter
13	national Development, the Secretary of Defense, and the
14	heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies
15	shall jointly submit to the appropriate congressional com
16	mittees an unclassified report, which may include a classi
17	fied annex, on progress made and lessons learned with re
18	spect to the implementation of the Global Fragility Strat
19	egy established pursuant to section 101. The report shall
20	include the following elements:
21	(1) Descriptions of steps taken to incorporate
22	the strategy into any relevant, existing country and
23	regional plans or strategies.
24	(2) Accountings of all funding received and ob
25	ligated to implement each such country and regiona

1 plan during the previous two years, as well as fund-2 ing requested, planned, and projected for the fol-3 lowing two years. 4 (3) Descriptions of progress made towards 5 achieving specific targets, metrics, and indicators for 6 each priority country. 7 (4) Descriptions of any changes made to pro-8 grams based on the results of assessment, moni-9 toring, and evaluation for each priority country. 10 SEC. 106. GAO REVIEW. 11 (a) In General.—Not later than two years after the 12 date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees regarding opportunities for independent review of the activities implemented under the Global Fragility Strategy established pursuant to section 17 101. 18 (b) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—The heads of relevant Federal departments and agencies shall ensure that all relevant data, documents, and other information is made available to the Comptroller General of the United States for purposes of conducting independent reviews 23 pursuant to this section.

TITLE II—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

3	SEC. 201. STABILIZATION AND PREVENTION FUND.
4	(a) Establishment.—There is authorized a fund to
5	be known as the "Prevention and Stabilization Fund" (in
6	this section referred to as "The Fund"), which shall re-
7	place the Relief and Recovery Fund.
8	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
9	authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be nec-
10	essary for the Prevention and Stabilization Fund to sup-
11	port stabilization of conflict-affected areas and mitigate
12	fragility, including through the Global Fragility Strategy.
13	(c) Purposes of the Fund.—
14	(1) In General.—Amounts authorized to be
15	appropriated to the Fund shall be used—
16	(A) to support stabilization of conflict-af-
17	fected areas and prevent global fragility, includ-
18	ing through the Global Fragility Strategy estab-
19	lished pursuant to section 101; and
20	(B) to provide assistance to areas liberated
21	or at risk from, or under the control of, the Is-
22	lamic State of Iraq and Syria, other terrorist
23	organizations, or violent extremist organiza-
24	tions, including for stabilization assistance for

vulnerable ethnic and religious minority commu-1 2 nities affected by conflict. 3 (2) Amounts in addition.—Amounts author-4 ized to be appropriated to the Fund under this sec-5 tion are in addition to any funds otherwise made 6 available for the purposes described in paragraph 7 (1).8 SEC. 202. COMPLEX CRISES FUND. 9 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is authorized a fund, 10 which shall be known as the "Complex Crises Fund" (in this subsection referred to as the "Fund"), to be administered by the United States Agency for International Development, to support programs and activities to prevent or 14 respond to emerging or unforeseen events overseas. 15 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for the Fund, including to support the Global Fragility Strategy, which shall remain available remain avail-19 able until expended. 20 (e) Purposes of Assistance.—Notwithstanding 21 any other provision of law, except section 620M of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2378d), amounts in the Fund may be used to earry out the provisions of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 25 2151 et seq.) to support programs and activities to pre-

1	vent or respond to emerging or unforeseen events overseas,
2	including through support to the Global Fragility Strat-
3	egy.
4	(d) Limitations.—
5	(1) In General.—Amounts in the Fund may
6	not be expended for lethal assistance or to respond
7	to natural disasters.
8	(2) Administrative expenses.—Not more
9	than five percent of the amounts in the Fund may
10	be used for administrative expenses.
11	(e) Congressional Notification.—Not later than
12	five days before amounts from the Fund are obligated, the
13	Administrator of the United States Agency for Inter-
14	national Development shall submit notification of such ob-
15	ligation to the appropriate congressional committees.
16	(f) WAIVER.—The notification requirement under
17	subsection (e) be may be waived if—
18	(1) notification by the deadline specified in such
19	paragraph would pose a substantial risk to human
20	health or welfare; and
21	(2) the appropriate congressional committees—
22	(A) are notified not later than three days
23	after an obligation of amounts from the Fund;
24	and

1	(B) are provided with an explanation of
2	the emergency circumstances that necessitated
3	such waiver.
4	TITLE III—PARTNERSHIP
5	DEVELOPMENT FUND
6	SEC. 301. ESTABLISHMENT OF FUND.
7	(a) Negotiations for Establishment of
8	Fund.—The Secretary of State, in consultation with the
9	Administrator of the United States Agency for Inter-
10	national Development and the heads of other relevant
11	Federal agencies, shall seek to enter into negotiations with
12	key bilateral and multilateral donors, including the World
13	Bank, and with developing countries where fragility
14	threatens to exacerbate violent extremism and undermine
15	development, including members of the g7+, toward the
16	establishment, in accordance with the provisions of this
17	title, of the Partnership Development Fund.
18	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of the Partnership
19	Development Fund shall be to use contributed funds—
20	(1) to assist in addressing the sources of fra-
21	gility in priority countries selected pursuant to sec-
22	tion 102 of this Act or otherwise determined by the
23	Partnership Development Fund; and
24	(2) to strengthen national and local good gov-
25	ernance and conflict resolution capacity over the

1 long-term, moving beyond uncoordinated, short-term

- 2 investments by improving international coordination
- 3 and enabling support for comprehensive, compact-
- 4 based agreements that support country-led strate-
- 5 gies.

6 SEC. 302. CONSULTATIONS AND PROGRAMS.

- 7 (a) Establishment of Partnership Develop-
- 8 MENT Fund.—Not later than 90 days after the date of
- 9 the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall con-
- 10 sult with the appropriate congressional committees on
- 11 plans for the establishment of the Partnership Develop-
- 12 ment Fund, including the mechanism though which donor
- 13 funds will be received and distributed, the makeup and
- 14 composition of a Board of Directors, qualifications of such
- 15 Board members, composition of a secretariat, and mecha-
- 16 nisms for oversight and accountability. The Board shall
- 17 consist of representatives of participating donor countries,
- 18 fragility- and conflict-affected countries, civil society, and
- 19 multilateral and nongovernmental organizations. The
- 20 President shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate,
- 21 appoint a United States Board member and an alternate
- 22 member for a four-year term.
- 23 (b) Partnership Development Fund Grants.—
- 24 The Partnership Development Fund shall provide grants
- 25 to support policies and programs that assist recipient

1	countries in achieving lasting stability, resilience to violen
2	extremism, and development, including by building capac
3	ity in national and local government, civil society, and the
4	private sector. The Fund shall include criteria for can
5	didate governments and nongovernmental entities to re
6	ceive grants through multi-year, compact-based agree
7	ments, established through inclusive and open processes
8	and that are linked to a national development plan and
9	based on joint analysis and strategic planning.
10	SEC. 303. CONGRESSIONAL REPORTS AND DISCLOSURE OF
11	THE PARTNERSHIP DEVELOPMENT FUND.
12	(a) Reports to Congress.—
10	(1) Annual reports by the fund.—
13	
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year
14	(A) In General.—Not later than one year
14 15	(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and
14 15 16	(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for the duration of the
14 15 16 17	(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for the duration of the Fund, the United States representative to the
14 15 16 17	(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for the duration of the Fund, the United States representative to the Fund shall provide to the appropriate congress
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for the duration of the Fund, the United States representative to the Fund shall provide to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the Fund.
14 15 16 17 18	(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for the duration of the Fund, the United States representative to the Fund shall provide to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the Fund. (B) REPORT ELEMENTS.—The report respectively.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for the duration of the Fund, the United States representative to the Fund shall provide to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the Fund. (B) REPORT ELEMENTS.—The report required under subparagraph (A) shall include a

1	(11) the programs, projects, and activi
2	ties, including approaches to scaling pro
3	grams, supported by the Fund;
4	(iii) private and governmental con
5	tributions to the Fund;
6	(iv) the criteria for determining the
7	programs and activities that should be as
8	sisted by the Fund, and the metrics for the
9	monitoring and evaluation of such pro
10	grams and activities; and
11	(v) the country-level processes estab
12	lished to support compact-based agree
13	ments and promote international coordina
14	tion.
15	(2) GAO REPORT ON FUND EFFECTIVENESS.
16	Not later than three years after the date of the en
17	actment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the
18	United States shall submit to the appropriate con
19	gressional committees a report evaluating the effec
20	tiveness of the Fund, including—
21	(A) the effectiveness of the programs
22	projects, and activities described in paragraph
23	(1)(B)(ii) in violence reduction and mitigating
24	fragility as a root cause; and

1	(B) an assessment of the merits of contin-
2	ued United States financial contributions to the
3	Fund.
4	(b) Public Disclosure of Activities.—Not later
5	than 90 days after the end of each fiscal quarter, the Fund
6	should make available to the public the following informa-
7	tion with respect to awarded grants:
8	(1) The name of each entity to which assistance
9	is provided.
10	(2) The amount of assistance provided to the
11	entity.
12	(3) A description of the compact-based agree-
13	ment, including a detailed description of the objec-
14	tives and measures for results of the program or
15	project, which should continue to be monitored in
16	the years following the end of the grant period to de-
17	termine the enduring impact of the grant.
18	SEC. 304. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
19	In addition to any other funds authorized to be ap-
20	propriated for multilateral or bilateral programs related
21	to conflict prevention, countering violent extremism, sta-
22	bilization, or economic development, there is authorized to
23	be appropriated to the Department of State such sums
24	as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 2020 through
25	2022 for contributions to the Partnership.

SECTION 1	SHORT TITLE

2	This Act	may	be	cited	as	the	``Global	Fragility	Act
3	of 2019".								

- 4 SEC. 2. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE-
- 5 **FINED.**
- 6 In this Act:
- 7 (1) Appropriate congressional commit-
- 8 TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional commit-
- 9 tees" means—
- 10 (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations
- and the Committee on Appropriations of the
- 12 Senate; and
- 13 (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
- 14 the Committee on Appropriations of the House of
- 15 Representatives.
- 16 (2) Relevant federal department or agen-
- 17 Cy.—The term "relevant Federal department or agen-
- 18 cy" means the Department of State, the United States
- 19 Agency for International Development, the Depart-
- 20 ment of Defense, the Department of Treasury, and
- 21 any other Federal department or agency the President
- determines is relevant to carry out the purposes of
- 23 this Act.
- 24 SEC. 3. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
- 25 It is the policy of the United States to—

1	(1) ensure that all relevant Federal departments
2	and agencies coordinate to achieve coherent, long-term
3	goals for programs designed to stabilize conflict-af-
4	fected areas and prevent violence and fragility glob-
5	ally, including when implementing the Global Fra-
6	gility Strategy established pursuant to section 4;
7	(2) seek to improve global, regional, and local co-
8	ordination of relevant international and multilateral
9	development and donor organizations regarding ef-
10	forts to stabilize conflict-affected areas and prevent vi-
11	olence and fragility globally, and, where practicable
12	and appropriate, align such efforts with multilateral
13	goals and indicators;
14	(3) expand and enhance the effectiveness of
15	United States foreign assistance programs and activi-
16	ties to stabilize conflict-affected areas and prevent vio-
17	lence and fragility globally;
18	(4) support the research and development of ef-
19	fective approaches to stabilize conflict-affected areas
20	and prevent violence and fragility globally, and data
21	collection efforts relevant to such approaches; and
22	(5) improve the tools and authorities for assess-
23	ment, monitoring, and evaluation needed to enable
24	learning and adaptation by such relevant Federal de-
25	partments and agencies working to stabilize conflict-

1 affected areas and prevent violence and fragility glob-2 ally, as necessary and appropriate. 3 SEC. 4. GLOBAL FRAGILITY STRATEGY. 4 (a) Strategy.—The President, in coordination with 5 the Secretary of State, the Administrator of the United 6 States Agency for International Development ("USAID"), the Secretary of Defense, and the heads of other relevant 8 Federal departments and agencies, shall establish a comprehensive, integrated, ten-year strategy, to be referred to 10 as the "Global Fragility Strategy", to contribute to the stabilization of conflict-affected areas, address global fragility, 12 and strengthen the capacity of the United States to be an 13 effective leader of international efforts to prevent extremism 14 and violent conflict. The strategy shall focus on addressing 15 long-term causes of fragility and violence, and shall— 16 (1) consider the causes of fragility and violence 17 at both the local and national levels, the external ac-18 tors that reinforce and exploit such conditions, and 19 successful prevention strategies and their key features; 20 (2) include specific objectives and multisectoral 21 approaches to reduce fragility and the causes of vio-22 lence, including those that strengthen state-society re-23 lations, curb extremist ideology, and make society less 24 vulnerable to the spread of extremism and violence;

I	(3) encourage and empower local and nationa
2	actors to address the concerns of their citizens, includ
3	ing those in vulnerable communities, and build com-
4	munity resilience against violence and extremism;
5	(4) address the long-term underlying causes of
6	fragility and violence through participatory, locally
7	led programs, empowering marginalized groups such
8	as youth and women, inclusive dialogues and conflic
9	resolutions processes, justice sector reform, good gov-
10	ernance across all sectors, community policing and ci-
11	vilian security, and inclusive and accountable service
12	delivery;
13	(5) describe approaches that ensure national
14	leadership where appropriate and participatory en
15	gagement by civil society and local partners in the
16	design, implementation, and monitoring of programs
17	(6) assign roles for relevant Federal departments
18	and agencies to avoid duplication of efforts, while en
19	suring that—
20	(A) the Department of State is responsible
21	for leading the strategy, establishing United
22	States foreign policy, advancing diplomatic and
23	political efforts, and guiding security assistance
24	and related civilian security efforts;

1	(B) USAID is responsible for overseeing
2	prevention programs, and is the lead imple-
3	menting agency for development, humanitarian,
4	and related non-security program policy;
5	(C) activities undertaken or supported by
6	the Department of Defense in relation to the
7	Global Fragility Strategy are established through
8	joint formulation and with the concurrence of the
9	Secretary of State; and
10	(D) other relevant Federal departments and
11	agencies support the activities of the Department
12	of State and USAID as appropriate, with the
13	concurrence of the Secretary of State and the Ad-
14	ministrator of the United States Agency for
15	$International\ Development;$
16	(7) describe programs that relevant Federal de-
17	partments and agencies will undertake to achieve the
18	stated objectives, including descriptions of existing
19	programs and funding by fiscal year and account;
20	(8) identify mechanisms to improve coordination
21	between the United States, foreign governments, and
22	international organizations, including the World
23	Bank, the United Nations, regional organizations,
24	and private sector organizations;

1	(9) address efforts to expand public-private part-
2	nerships and leverage private sector resources;
3	(10) describe the criteria, metrics, and mecha-
4	nisms for monitoring and evaluation of programs and
5	objectives in the strategy;
6	(11) describe how the strategy will ensure that
7	programs are country-led and context-specific; and
8	(12) identify mechanisms or activities to reduce
9	the risk that the programs, policies, or resources of the
10	United States and its partners will facilitate corrup-
11	tion, empower or abet repressive local actors, or be ex-
12	ploited by extremists to gain support for their cause.
13	(b) Stakeholder Consultation.—The Global Fra-
14	gility Strategy required under this section shall be devel-
15	oped in consultation with representatives of civil society
16	and national and local governance entities in countries and
17	regions described in section 5, as well as relevant inter-
18	national development organizations with experience imple-
19	menting programs in fragile states, multilateral organiza-
20	tions and donors, relevant private, academic, and philan-
21	thropic entities, and the appropriate congressional commit-
22	tees.
23	(c) Report.—Not later than 270 days after the date
24	of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to
25	the appropriate congressional committees a report setting

1 forth the strategy described in subsection (a), which shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex if necessary, and shall include, at a minimum, 4 the following elements: 5 (1) The objectives, general and specific, of the 6 strategy. 7 (2) An identification of the relevant Federal de-8 partments and agencies that will be involved and the 9 assignment of priorities to such departments and 10 agencies. 11 (3) A description of the compact-based partner-12 ships that will be established to ensure local leader-13 ship of strategies, policy, and programs, as well as 14 mutual accountability for results and resources need-15 ed to support such partnerships. 16 (4) An identification of the authorities, staffing, 17 and other requirements, as necessary and appro-18 priate, needed to effectively implement the Global 19 Fragility Strategy. 20 (5) A description of the ways in which United 21 States leadership will be used to enhance overall 22 international prevention efforts, including through in-23 creasing the engagement of the member states of the 24 Group of Eight and Group of Twenty.

1	(6) An identification of which officials of the De-
2	partment of State, USAID, and the Department of
3	Defense, with a rank not lower than Assistant Sec-
4	retary or Assistant Administrator, will be responsible
5	for leading and overseeing the strategy.
6	(7) A list of priority countries and regions se-
7	lected pursuant to section 5, including descriptions of
8	the rationale for such selections.
9	SEC. 5. SELECTION OF PRIORITY COUNTRIES AND RE-
10	GIONS.
11	(a) In General.—The President, in coordination
12	with the Secretary of State, the Administrator of the United
13	States Agency for International Development, and the Sec-
14	retary of Defense, and in consultation with the appropriate
15	congressional committees specified in subsection (b), shall
16	select certain countries as "priority countries" and certain
17	regions as "priority regions" for the purpose of imple-
18	menting the Global Fragility Strategy required under sec-
19	tion 4—
20	(1) on the basis of—
21	(A) the national security interests of the
22	United States;
23	(B) clearly defined indicators of the levels of
24	violence or fragility in such country or region,
25	such as the country's or region's—

1	(i) ranking on recognized global fra-
2	gility lists, such as the Organization for
3	Economic Co-operation and Development
4	States of Fragility report, the Fund for
5	Peace Fragile States Index, the World Bank
6	Harmonized List of Fragile Situations, the
7	Institute for Economics and Peace Global
8	Peace Index, and the Holocaust Museum
9	Early Warning Project Risk Assessment;
10	(ii) ranking on select United States
11	Government conflict and atrocity early
12	warning watch lists; and
13	(iii) levels of violence, including vio-
14	lence committed by armed groups, state ac-
15	tors, and violent extremist organizations,
16	gender-based violence, and violence against
17	children and youth; and
18	(C) an assessment of—
19	(i) the commitment and capacity of
20	national and sub-national government enti-
21	ties and civil society partners in such coun-
22	try or region to work with relevant Federal
23	departments and agencies on the Global
24	Fragility Strategy, including by dem-
25	onstrating commitment to—

1	(I) improving inclusive, trans-
2	parent, and accountable power struc-
3	tures, including effective, legitimate,
4	and resilient national and sub-na-
5	tional institutions; and
6	(II) ensuring strong foundations
7	for human rights, rule of law, and
8	equal access to justice; and
9	(ii) the likelihood that United States
10	assistance under the Global Fragility Strat-
11	egy would measurably help to reduce fra-
12	gility, prevent the spread of extremism and
13	violence, and stabilize conflict-affected areas
14	in each such country or region; and
15	(2) in a manner that ensures that not fewer than
16	five countries or regions are selected, and such coun-
17	tries or regions are in the areas of responsibility of
18	at least three geographic bureaus of the Department
19	of State.
20	(b) Consultation With Congress.—Prior to final-
21	ization of the selection of priority countries and regions
22	under subsection (a), representatives from the Department
23	of State, USAID, the Department of Defense, and other rel-
24	evant Federal departments and agencies, as necessary and
25	appropriate, shall brief the appropriate congressional com-

1 mittees on the countries and regions being considered and

2 shall consider congressional input on such prioritization.

3 SEC. 6. PRIORITY COUNTRY AND REGIONAL PLANS.

- 4 Not later than one year after the date of the enactment 5 of this Act, the President, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Administrator of the United States 6 Agency for International Development, the Secretary of De-8 fense, and the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, shall submit to the appropriate congressional 10 committees ten-year plans to align and integrate under the Global Fragility Strategy established pursuant to section 12 4 all relevant diplomatic, development, and security assistance and activities of the United States Government with respect to each of the countries and regions selected pursu-14 15 ant to section 5. Each such country and regional plan shall
 - (1) Specific multi-year interagency plans for coordination and implementation under each such plan.

include the following elements:

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- (2) An up-to-date baseline analysis for each such country or region, including an analysis of power dynamics, impacts of violence, and conditions that contribute to violence and fragility.
- 23 (3) Prioritized descriptions of the goals and ob-24 jectives for stabilizing conflict-affected areas, reducing

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fragility, and preventing the spread of extremism and violence in each such country.

(4) Descriptions of how and when the relevant goals, objectives, plans, and benchmarks for each such country or region will be incorporated into relevant United States country or regional plans and strategies, including the National Security Strategy of the United States, the Security Assistance Review, Department of State Integrated Country Strategies, USAID Country Development Cooperation Strategies, and Department of Defense Campaign Plans, Operational Plans, and Regional Strategies, as well as any equivalent or successor plans or strategies.

- (5) Interagency plans to ensure that appropriate local actors, including government and civil society entities, have an appropriate ownership stake in developing, implementing, monitoring, and evaluating relevant activities under each such plan.
- (6) Interagency plans to integrate existing and planned security assistance and cooperation programs in each such country or region with the strategy, and to mitigate risks associated with such programs, including risks related to corruption, governance, and human rights.

1	(7) Assessment, monitoring, and evaluation
2	frameworks for diplomatic, development, and security
3	assistance and activities, which shall be informed by
4	consultations with the stakeholders specified in section
5	4(b), with clear, date-certain metrics for each such
6	country or region.
7	(8) Descriptions of available policy tools and
8	how such tools will be used to reduce fragility, prevent
9	the spread of extremism and violence, and stabilize
10	conflict-affected areas in each such country or region.
11	(9) A description of how planning and imple-
12	mentation of assistance under the Global Fragility
13	Strategy for each such country or region will be co-
14	ordinated in a manner that strengthens partnerships
15	and leverages the unique expertise and resources of the
16	United States Government and—
17	(A) governments of such countries;
18	(B) international development organiza-
19	tions;
20	(C) relevant international donors;
21	(D) multilateral organizations; and
22	(E) the private sector.
23	(10) A regional component outlining plans to
24	address relevant transnational issues and how each

1 such country is affected by or at risk of regional fra-2 gility or violence. 3 SEC. 7. IMPLEMENTATION. 4 The President, in coordination with the Secretary of 5 State, the Administrator of the United States Agency for 6 International Development, the Secretary of Defense, the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, 8 relevant United States ambassadors, USAID mission directors, geographic combatant commanders, and other relevant 10 individuals with responsibility over activities in each priority country or region selected pursuant to section 5, shall ensure that— 12 13 (1) the Global Fragility Strategy required under 14 section 4, including each of the country plans devel-15 oped under section 6, is implemented, updated, and 16 coordinated on a regular and iterative basis; and 17 (2) the strategy is used to guide United States 18 Government policy at a senior level and incorporated 19 into relevant strategies and plans across the United 20 States Government such that the activities of all rel-21 evant Federal departments and agencies are con-22 sistent with the strategy.

1	SEC. 8. BIENNIAL REPORTS AND CONGRESSIONAL CON-
2	SULTATION.
3	(a) Biennial Reports.—Not later than two years
4	after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every two
5	years thereafter until the date that is ten years after such
6	date of enactment, the President, the Secretary of State, the
7	Administrator of the United States Agency for Inter-
8	national Development, the Secretary of Defense, and the
9	heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies
10	shall jointly submit to the appropriate congressional com-
11	mittees an unclassified report, which may include a classi-
12	fied annex, on progress made and lessons learned with re-
13	spect to implementation of the Global Fragility Strategy
14	established pursuant to section 4. The report shall include
15	the following elements:
16	(1) Descriptions of steps taken to incorporate the
17	strategy into any relevant, existing country and re-
18	gional plans or strategies.
19	(2) Accountings of all funding received and obli-
20	gated to implement each such country and regional
21	plan during the previous two years, and, to the extent
22	feasible, projections of funding to be requested,
23	planned, and implemented for the following two
24	years.

1 Descriptions of progress made towards (3) 2 achieving specific targets, metrics, and indicators for 3 each priority country and region. 4 (4) Descriptions of any changes made to pro-5 grams based on the results of assessment, monitoring, 6 and evaluation for each priority country and region. 7 (b) Congressional Consultation.—The Secretary 8 of State, the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, and the Secretary of Defense 10 shall provide to any appropriate congressional committee 11 regular briefings on the implementation of this Act upon the request of any such committee. 13 SEC. 9. GAO REVIEW. 14 (a) In General.—Not later than two years after the 15 date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall consult with the appropriate con-16 gressional committees regarding opportunities for independent review of the activities implemented under the Global Fragility Strategy established pursuant to section 20 4. 21 (b) Availability of Information.—The heads of relevant Federal departments and agencies shall ensure that 23 all relevant data, documents, and other information is made available to the Comptroller General of the United

1	States for purposes of conducting independent reviews pur-
2	suant to this section.
3	SEC. 10. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
4	(a) Prevention and Stabilization Fund.—
5	(1) Establishment.—There is established in
6	the Treasury of the United States a fund, which shall
7	be known as the "Prevention and Stabilization Fund"
8	(in this subsection referred to as "The Fund"), to be
9	administered by the Department of State and
10	USAID, as appropriate, to support stabilization of
11	conflict-affected areas and to mitigate fragility, in-
12	cluding through the Global Fragility Strategy estab-
13	lished pursuant to section 4, which shall replace the
14	Relief and Recovery Fund.
15	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
16	There is authorized to be appropriated to the Fund
17	\$200,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2020 through
18	2024, which shall remain available until expended.
19	(3) Purposes of the fund.—
20	(A) In General.—Amounts authorized to
21	be appropriated to the Fund shall be used—
22	(i) to support stabilization of conflict-
23	affected areas and prevent global fragility,
24	including through the Global Fragility

1	Strategy established pursuant to section 4;
2	and
3	(ii) to provide assistance to areas liber-
4	ated or at risk from, or under the control of,
5	the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria, other
6	terrorist organizations, or violent extremist
7	organizations, including for stabilization
8	assistance for vulnerable ethnic and reli-
9	gious minority communities affected by con-
10	flict.
11	(B) Amounts in addition.—Amounts au-
12	thorized to be appropriated to the Fund under
13	this section are in addition to any funds other-
14	wise made available for the purposes described in
15	paragraph (1).
16	(4) Congressional notification.—Funds may
17	not be obligated under this section unless the congres-
18	sional committees specified in section 634A of the
19	Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2394–1)
20	are notified of the amount and nature of such pro-
21	posed obligation at least 15 days in advance of such
22	proposed obligation, in accordance with the proce-
23	dures applicable to notifications regarding
24	reprogrammings pursuant to such section.
25	(b) Complex Crisis Fund.—

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(1) Establishment.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a fund, which shall be known as the "Complex Crises Fund" (in this subsection referred to as the "Fund"), to be administered by USAID, to support programs and activities to prevent or respond to emerging or unforeseen events overseas, including to support the Global Fragility Strategy established pursuant to section 4.

(2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
There is authorized to be appropriated to the Fund
\$30,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2020 through
2024, which shall remain available until expended.

(3) Purposes of the fund.—

(A) In GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, except section 620M of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2378d), amounts in the Fund may be used to carry out the provisions of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) to support programs and activities to prevent or respond to emerging or unforeseen foreign challenges and complex crises overseas, including through the Global Fragility Strategy established pursuant to section 4.

1	(B) Amounts in addition.—Amounts au-
2	thorized to be appropriated to the Fund are in
3	addition to any amounts otherwise made avail-
4	able for the purposes described in subparagraph
5	(A).
6	(4) Limitations.—
7	(A) In general.—Amounts in the Fund
8	may not be expended for lethal assistance or to
9	respond to natural disasters.
10	(B) Administrative expenses.—Not more
11	than five percent of the amounts in the Fund
12	may be used for administrative expenses.
13	(5) Congressional notification.—Not later
14	than five days before amounts from the Fund are obli-
15	gated, the Administrator of the United States Agency
16	for International Development shall submit notifica-
17	tion of such obligation to the appropriate congres-
18	$sional\ committees.$
19	(6) Waiver.—The notification requirement
20	under paragraph (5) may be waived if—
21	(A) notification by the deadline specified in
22	such paragraph would pose a substantial risk to
23	human health or welfare; and
24	(B) the appropriate congressional commit-
25	tees—

1	(i) are notified not later than three
2	days after an obligation of amounts from
3	the Fund; and
4	(ii) are provided with an explanation
5	of the emergency circumstances that neces-
6	sitated such waiver.
7	SEC. 11. IMPROVING AND LEVERAGING ASSISTANCE FOR
8	THE GLOBAL FRAGILITY STRATEGY.
9	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Congress
10	that the President, the Secretary of State, the Administrator
11	of the United States Agency for International Development,
12	the Secretary of Defense, and the heads of other relevant
13	Federal departments and agencies should work with the ap-
14	propriate congressional committees to provide sufficient
15	types and levels of funding to—
16	(1) allow for more adaptive and responsive pol-
17	icy and program planning, implementation, and scal-
18	ing under the Global Fragility Strategy established
19	pursuant to section 4, including through more flexible
20	funding mechanisms and exemptions from specific
21	and minimum funding levels when such exemptions
22	would make such programs better able to respond to
23	local needs, the results of monitoring and evaluation,
24	or changed circumstances in relevant countries;

1	(2) better integrate the strategy and other con-
2	flict and violence reduction objectives and activities
3	into other policy and program areas, where appro-
4	priate; and
5	(3) support transparent and accountable multi-
6	lateral funds, initiatives, and strategies to enhance
7	and better coordinate private and public efforts to
8	stabilize conflict-affected areas and prevent violence
9	and fragility globally.
10	(b) Other Funding and Cost Matching.—The
11	Global Fragility Strategy established pursuant to section
12	4—
13	(1) may be supported by funds other than funds
14	authorized to be appropriated pursuant to section 10,
15	and
16	(2) shall seek to leverage funds from sources other
17	than the United States Government in order to pro-
18	mote coordination and cost-matching to the max-
19	imum extent practicable.
20	(c) Multi-donor Global Fragility Fund.—
21	(1) Authority.—Pursuant to sections 607 and
22	632 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C.
23	2357 and 2392), and consistent with subsection (b),
24	the Secretary of State is authorized to establish fund-
25	ing mechanisms, to include the establishment of a

1	Global Fragility Fund, to leverage, receive, coordi-
2	nate, and program funds provided by other donors
3	and private sector partners to carry out the purposes
4	of this Act.
5	(2) Purposes.—A funding mechanism estab-
6	lished pursuant to paragraph (1) should—
7	(A) include input from and participation
8	by key bilateral and multilateral donors, includ-
9	ing the World Bank, representatives of civil soci-
10	ety, relevant nongovernmental organizations and
11	private sector entities, and developing countries
12	where fragility threatens to exacerbate violent ex-
13	tremism and undermine development;
14	(B) enhance donor coordination and co-
15	operation;
16	(C) advance clearly defined goals, objectives,
17	and metrics for monitoring, evaluating, and
18	measuring progress; and
19	(D) focus on strengthening national and
20	local good governance and conflict resolution ca-
21	pacity in fragile and conflict-affected areas over
22	the long-term through comprehensive, compact-
23	based agreements that support country-led strate-
24	gies.

1	SEC. 12. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON TRANSFERS OF DEFENSE
2	ARTICLES AND SERVICES TO PRIORITY COUN-
3	TRIES AND REGIONS.
4	It is the sense of Congress that the United States Gov-
5	ernment should work to ensure that defense articles and
6	services provided to priority countries and regions pursuant
7	to the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.)
8	and the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151
9	et seq.) are not used by non-state actors for the commission
10	of war crimes or other gross violations of internationally
11	recognized human rights in those countries or regions.