AM	ENDMENT NO Calendar No
Pun	rpose: In the nature of a substitute.
IN	THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES—116th Cong., 1st Sess.
	S. 2641
To	promote United States national security and prevent the resurgence of ISIS, and for other purposes.
R	eferred to the Committee on and ordered to be printed
	Ordered to lie on the table and to be printed
Ам	ENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE intended to be proposed by Mr. RISCH (for himself and Mr. Menendez)
Viz	:
1	Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the fol-
2	lowing:
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
4	(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
5	"Promoting American National Security and Preventing
6	the Resurgence of ISIS Act of 2019".
7	(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
8	this Act is as follows:
	Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
	TITLE I—PROMOTING STABILITY IN SYRIA
	Sec. 101. Appropriate congressional committees defined. Sec. 102. Findings.

Sec. 103. Sense of Congress.

S.L.C.

2

- See. 104. Strategy to prevent the resurgence of the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria (ISIS) and its affiliates.
- Sec. 105. Briefings on Turkish incursion into northeast Syria.
- Sec. 106. Humanitarian assistance to the people of Syria.
- Sec. 107, Report on accountability for violations of international law, including war erimes, and other harm to civilians in Syria during the Turkish incursion.
- Sec. 108. Statement of policy on denouncing targeting of Kurdish community at the United Nations.
- Sec. 109. Participation of Turkey in NATO.
- Sec. 110. Report on net worth of President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan,
- Sec. 111. Sense of Congress on Geneva Convention prohibition against pillage.

#### TITLE II—ASSISTING VULNERABLE KURDISH PARTNERS

- Sec. 201. Findings.
- Sec. 202. United States refugee program priorities.
- Sec. 203. Special immigrant status for certain Syrian Kurds and other Syrians who worked for the United States Government in Syria.
- Sec. 204. Processing mechanisms.

#### TITLE III—SANCTIONS AND OTHER RESTRICTIVE MEASURES

Sec. 301. Definitions.

### Subtitle A—Measures to Deter Turkish Malign Activities in Syria

- Sec. 311. Effective date; termination.
- Sec. 312. Restriction on arms sales to Turkey.
- Sec. 313. Opposition to loans from international financial institutions that benefit the Government of Turkey.
- Sec. 314. Imposition of sanctions with respect to officials of the Government of Turkey relating to operations in Syria.
- Sec. 315. Imposition of sanctions with respect to foreign persons providing arms to Turkish forces in Syria.
- Sec. 316. Imposition of sanctions with respect to foreign financial institutions that facilitate transactions for Turkish Armed Forces.

### Subtitle B—Other Sanctions and Restrictive Measures

- See. 321. Imposition of sanctions with respect to officials of the Government of Turkey involved in human rights abuses.
- Sec. 322. Imposition of CAATSA section 231 sanctions against Turkey.
- Sec. 323. Prohibition on transfer of F-35 aircraft to Turkey.
- See. 324. Limitations on future transfer of F-35 aircraft to Turkey.
- Sec. 325. Prohibition on export or transfer to Turkey of F-16 aircraft and related training, spare parts, and other support.
- Sec. 326. Imposition of sanctions with respect to support by the Russian Federation for the Assad regime.
- Sec. 327. Sense of Congress on civilian nuclear cooperation agreements with Turkey.

### Subtitle C—General Provisions

- Sec. 331. Exceptions; waivers.
- Sec. 332: Implementation; regulations; penalties.

Sec. 333. Studies on effectiveness of sanctions in achieving foreign policy objectives.

## TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 401. Agreement for NATO members not to acquire defense technology incompatible with the security of NATO systems.

Sec. 402. No authorization for the use of military force.

## TITLE V—TERMINATION

Sec. 501. Termination.

1	TITL	$\mathbf{E}$	<b>I</b> —	PR	OI	OIN	TIN	G	STA	BIL	ITY

1	TILLE I—FROMOTING STABILITY
2	IN SYRIA
3	SEC. 101. APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES
4	DEFINED.
5	In this title, the term "appropriate congressional
6	committees" means—
7	(1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the
8	Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee
9	on Appropriations of the Senate; and
10	(2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
11	Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee
12	on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
13	SEC. 102. FINDINGS.
14	Congress makes the following findings:
15	(1) On July 12, 2019, the Government of Tur-
16	key took delivery of the S-400 air defense system,
17	which it purchased from the defense sector of the
18	Government of the Russian Federation for a re-
19	ported cost of \$2,500,000,000.

rorist group."

1	(2) The Syrian Democratic Forces (SDF) have
2	fought on the frontlines against the Islamic State of
3	Iraq and Syria (ISIS), in close partnership with the
4	United States and United States allies.
5	(3) While territorial gains have been made, the
6	Department of Defense, as of November 27, 2019,
7	estimated that ISIS retains roughly 11,000 "fight-
8	ers'' in Iraq and Syria.
9	(4) Since 2015, the United States Government
10	has deployed members of the United States Armed
11	Forces to Syria for the purpose of the counter-ISIS
12	campaign, in an advise, assist, and accompany role,
13	working closely with the SDF.
14	(5) The congressionally-mandated Syria Study
15	Group in September 2019 found, "Although the
16	United States military mission in Syria is often
17	lumped together with the Iraq and Afghanistan mis-
18	sions in the 'forever war' category, the Syria case of-
19	fers a different, and far less costly, model. A small
20	United States military footprint, supported by
21	United States air power and other high-end capabili-
22	ties, reinforced by a global coalition of like-minded
23	allies and partners, rallied a local partner force
24	many times its size to liberate territory from a ter-

1	(6) According to the Department of Defense, as
2	of August 2019, the SDF continued to hold about
3	10,000 ISIS fighters in detention centers in north-
4	east Syria this quarter. Of these, approximately
5	2,000 are foreigners from more than 50 countries.
6	The remaining 8,000 are Iraqi and Syrian.
7	(7) In August 2019, the United States Govern-
8	ment and the Government of Turkey began imple-
9	menting a security mechanism to address legitimate
10	Turkish security concerns along the Turkish Syrian
11	border in which United States and Turkey estab-
12	lished a Combined Joint Operations Center and the
13	SDF withdrew forces from certain areas.
14	(8) On October 9, 2019, Turkish military units
15	began operations in Syrian territory.
16	(9) The Government of Turkey's October 9,
17	2019, military offensive created new waves of dis-
18	placed people, hindered humanitarian operations,
19	and resulted in the escape of ISIS detainees from
20	SDF-run prison camps.
21	(10) On October 13, 2019, the SDF announced
22	a deal with President of Syria Bashar al-Assad's re-
23	gime that would allow government forces to enter
24	the Kurdish-controlled areas of northeast Syria for

the first time in years.

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1	(11) On October 14, 2019, the European Union
2	unanimously announced that it would suspend weap-
3	ons exports to Turkey in condemnation of their mili-
4	tary action in northeast Syria.
5	(12) On October 17, 2019, the United States
6	Government negotiated a temporary pause in fight-
7	ing between the Government of Turkey and Syrian
8	Kurdish fighters.
9	(13) On October 22, 2019, the Government of
10	the Russian Federation and the Government of Tur-
11	key signed a 10-point memorandum of under-
12	standing, mandating the withdrawal of Syrian Kurd-
13	ish fighters from areas targeted in Operation Peace
14	Spring.
15	(14) In November 2019, the Turkish Armed
16	Forces began testing the S-400 air defense system
17	that the Turkish Armed Forces purchased from the
18	Russian Federation.
19	(15) On November 25, 2019, the Department
20	of Defense announced that it had resumed oper-
21	ations against ISIS in Syria.
22	(16) As of December 2019, public reports indi-
23	cated skirmishes continue between Syrian Kurdish
24	fighters and Turkish forces and the Turkish Sup-
25	ported Opposition.

### 1 SEC. 103. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

2	It is the sense of Congress that—
3	(1) the United States and Turkey have been
4	treaty allies since 1952, when Turkey became a
5	member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization
6	(NATO);
7	(2) being a NATO member means that Turkey

- (2) being a NATO member means that Turkey is treaty bound to safeguard the principles of democracy, individual liberty, and the rule of law, and importantly, should be united with other NATO allies in efforts for collective defense and the preservation of peace and security;
- (3) since the Korean War, Turkish troops have fought alongside the United States Armed Forces and have been key to the Resolute Support mission in Afghanistan;
- (4) the Government of Turkey's military invasion of northeast Syria is an unacceptable and unnecessary escalation of tensions with the potential to cause a severe humanitarian crisis;
- (5) the Government of Turkey's military offensive threatens to undo the collective gains made in the fight against the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria (ISIS) by the United States and the 81 countries and organizations of the Global Coalition to Defeat

1	ISIS, including NATO and the European Union
2	(EU);
3	(6) the Government of Turkey should imme-
4	diately cease any further attacks against the Syrian
5	Democratic Forces (SDF), Kurdish or Arab civil-
6	ians, or other religious or ethnic minorities in north-
7	east Syria, and recall its forces back to Turkey;
8	(7) targeted sanctions and other restrictive
9	measures against Turkey are appropriate to
10	incentivize the Government of Turkey to refrain
11	from destabilizing activity in northeast Syria and to
12	reevaluate its decision to purchase the S-400 air de-
13	fense system from the Russian Federation;
14	(8) the Government of Turkey's military inva-
15	sion into northeast Syria is the latest example of the
16	weakening and problematic United States-Turkey bi-
17	lateral relationship and undermines the security of
18	the United States and its NATO allies, including
19	that of Turkey;
20	(9) the SDF have been critical partners to
21	United States-led counter-ISIS and broader counter-
22	terrorism efforts in Syria, and the United States
23	should continue this partnership with the SDF;

1	(10) the United States Government should uti-
2	lize diplomatic and military tools to ensure the en-
3	during defeat of ISIS;
4	(11) the United States should stand by critical
5	allies and partners;
6	(12) the Government of Turkey's decision to
7	purchase the S-400 air defense system from the
8	Government of the Russian Federation, despite clear
9	warnings from the United States about that sys-
0	tem's fundamental incompatibility with the United
1	States and NATO systems currently operating in
2	Turkey, threatens to undermine Turkey's relation-
3	ship with the United States and NATO;
4	(13) Russian and Iranian political and military
5	influence in Syria present a threat to United States
6	national security interests;
17	(14) the United States Government, in concert
8	with the international community, should hold ac-
9	countable members of the Syrian regime and the
20	Governments of the Russian Federation and Iran for
21	atrocities against the Syrian people;
22	(15) the Government of Turkey should take
23	steps to significantly improve the dire climate for
24	journalists and those supporting the journalism pro-
25	fession, including—

1	(A) ending the targeting and imprisoning
2	of journalists and allowing for the press and
3	independent media to operate freely without
4	fear of retribution from their government; and
5	(B) releasing all journalists and media
6	workers imprisoned for fulfilling their profes-
7	sional responsibilities;
8	(16) press freedom is a fundamental human
9	right and should be upheld and protected in Turkey
10	and around the world;
11	(17) the Government of Turkey should release
12	all individuals detained on politically motivated
13	charges, including staff locally employed by the
14	United States diplomatic missions;
15	(18) the Government of Turkey should halt its
16	indiscriminate detention and prosecution of lawyers,
17	judges, prosecutors, and court officials, and its tar-
18	geting of lawyers' associations;
19	(19) the Government of Turkey should ensure
20	that lawyers can visit detainees in police custody,
21	and remind police and prosecutors of the protected
22	role of lawyers under the International Covenant on
23	Civil and Political Rights, done at New York Decem-
24	ber 19, 1966; and

I	(20) the Government of Turkey should end the
2	practice of prosecuting lawyers based on whom they
3	have represented as clients.
4	SEC. 104. STRATEGY TO PREVENT THE RESURGENCE OF
5	THE ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA
6	(ISIS) AND ITS AFFILIATES.
7	(a) Strategy Required.—Not later than 60 days
8	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
9	of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense,
10	the Administrator of the United States Agency for Inter-
11	national Development, and the heads of other appropriate
12	Federal agencies, shall jointly develop and submit to the
13	appropriate congressional committees a strategy to pre-
14	vent the resurgence of ISIS and its affiliates in Iraq and
15	Syria.
16	(b) Elements of the Strategy.—The strategy re-
17	quired under subsection (a) shall include the following ele-
18	ments:
19	(1) A summary of the United States national
20	security interests in Iraq and Syria and the impact
21	a resurgence of ISIS would have on those interests.
22	(2) A comprehensive assessment of current
23	training and support programs by agency or depart-
24	ment, specifically focused on countering ISIS and
25	other terrorist organizations, including non-lethal as-

1	sistance, training, and organizational capacity for
2	the SDF, the Iraqi Security Forces, the Kurdish
3	Peshmerga, and others to counter gains by ISIS and
4	its affiliates.
5	(3) A detailed description of United States Gov-
6	ernment efforts to support, develop, and expand
7	local governance structures in areas in Syria pre-
8	viously liberated from ISIS control.
9	(4) An estimate of the number of current, ac-
0	tive ISIS members in Iraq and Syria, including an
1	assessment of those being held in detainee camps or
12	prisons.
13	(5) A comprehensive plan to address ISIS de-
14	tainees currently being held in Syria and Iraq, in-
15	cluding—
16	(A) the designation of an existing official
17	within the executive branch or the Department
18	of State to serve as a senior-level coordinator to
19	coordinate, in conjunction with the lead and
20	other relevant agencies, all matters for the
21	United States Government relating to the long-
22	term disposition of ISIS fighter detainees, in-
23	cluding all matters in connection with—
24	(i) repatriation, transfer, prosecution,
25	and intelligence-gathering;

1	(ii) coordinating a whole-of-govern-
2	ment approach with other countries and
3	international organizations, including
4	INTERPOL, to ensure secure chains of
5	custody and locations of ISIS foreign ter-
6	rorist fighter detainees;
7	(iii) coordinating technical and evi-
8	dentiary assistance to foreign countries to
9	aid in the successful prosecution of ISIS
10	foreign terrorist fighter detainees;
11	(iv) all multilateral and international
12	engagements led by the Department of
13	State and other agencies that are related
14	to the current and future handling, deten-
15	tion, and prosecution of ISIS foreign ter-
16	rorist fighter detainees; and
17	(v) communicating developments re-
18	lated to an ISIS detainee suspected of
19	committing a criminal act against a United
20	States citizen to the family of that citizen;
21	(B) engagement with international part-
22	ners on legal, tenable mechanisms for repa-
23	triating foreign fighters; and
24	(C) a plan for how funds in Acts making
25	appropriations will support disarmament, demo-

tarian assistance.

1	bilization, disengagement, deradicalization, and
2	reintegration of current and former members
3	and affiliates of ISIS and their family members.
4	(6) A description, which may be in classified
5	form, of ISIS senior leadership and infrastructure
6	and efforts to target leadership figures.
7	(7) A comprehensive description of the activities
8	of the United States Government, utilizing social
9	media and other communication technologies, to
10	counter ISIS's propaganda and influence and its
11	ability to use such technologies to recruit fighters
12	domestically and internationally, including through
13	private technology companies, and a description of
14	how such activities are being coordinated across the
15	United States Government.
16	(8) A description of the steps taken by the
17	United States Government, including through the
18	use of economic sanctions to deny financial resources
19	to ISIS and its affiliates, in conjunction with inter-
20	national partners and financial institutions.
21	(9) A description of United States Government
22	efforts to support credible war crimes prosecutions
23	against ISIS fighters.
24	(10) A plan to ensure the delivery of humani-

1	SEC. 105. BRIEFINGS ON TURKISH INCURSION INTO
2	NORTHEAST SYRIA.
3	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
4	gress that—
5	(1) the Russian Federation and Iran continue
6	to exploit a security vacuum in Syria and continue
7	to pose a threat to vital United States national secu-
8	rity interests; and
9	(2) continued Turkish military activity in north-
10	east Syria negatively impacts the national security
11	interests of the United States.
12	(b) Briefings Required.—
13	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 days after
14	the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 15
15	days thereafter, the Secretary of State, in coordina-
16	tion with the Secretary of Defense and the Adminis-
17	trator of the United States Agency for International
18	Development, and in consultation with the heads of
19	other appropriate Federal agencies, shall jointly
20	brief the appropriate congressional committees on
21	the October 2019 Turkish incursion into Syria, in-
22	cluding the impact of the withdrawal of United
23	States troops from northeast Syria.
24	(2) Elements of the brief-
25	ing required under paragraph (1) shall include the
26	following elements:

1	(A) A description of the impact of the in-
2	cursion on the ability of ISIS to reconstitute a
3	physical caliphate.
4	(B) A description of the impact of the in-
5	cursion on the Russian Federation's military
6	and political influence in Syria.
7	(C) A description of the impact of the in-
8	cursion on Iran's ability to increase its military
9	and political influence in Syria.
10	(D) A comprehensive assessment of the
11	United States Government's activities to
12	counter Iranian and Russian influence in Syria.
13	(E) An outline of any planned joint actions
14	by the Department of State and the Depart-
15	ment of Defense, in consultation with the heads
16	of other appropriate Federal agencies, regard-
17	ing any and all stabilization funds or activities
18	for Syria and an explanation of how such funds
19	and activities can contribute to stabilization in
20	the current environment.
21	(F) The creation and use by the Govern-
22	ment of Turkey of "safe zones" to justify the
23	involuntary or uninformed return of Syrian ref-
24	ugees from Turkey to Syrian territory or to jus-
25	tify the forced displacement of Syrians inside

1	Syria or to prevent Syrians from seeking inter-
2	national protections.
3	(G) The role of the Government of Turkey
4	and Turkish-backed forces in facilitating hu-
5	manitarian actors, including the cross-border
6	work of international nongovernmental organi-
7	zations (INGOs), and in ensuring efficient,
8	open supply lines for humanitarian assistance
9	and personnel through border crossing points
10	on the Turkey-Syria and Iraq-Syria borders and
11	facilitating safe passage of humanitarian assist-
12	ance inside Syria based on need.
13	(H) The impact of actions of the Govern-
14	ment of Turkey and the Turkish Supported Op-
15	position on the operation of camps in Syria for
16	displaced people, in particular women and chil-
17	dren, and the impact of such actions on wheth-
18	er residents of such camps are treated as civil-
19	ian victims of conflict in accordance with inter-
20	national law and standards.
21	(I) The actions of the Government of Tur-
22	key and Turkish-backed forces in taking effec-
23	tive measures to protect civilians and civilian
24	infrastructure, including health facilities, water-

1	pumping stations, and restricting use of explo-
2	sive weapons in populated areas.
3	SEC. 106. HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE TO THE PEOPLE OF
4	SYRIA.
5	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
6	gress that all parties to the conflict in Syria should uphold
7	international humanitarian principles by facilitating and
8	expanding humanitarian access across Syria and sup-
9	porting the rapid, safe, and unhindered delivery of human-
0	itarian assistance to those in greatest need.
11	(b) AUTHORIZATION.—The President is authorized to
12	provide assistance authorized to be appropriated or other-
13	wise made available to carry out the purposes of the For-
14	eign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.), sec-
15	tion 202 of the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1722), and
16	subsections (a) through (c) of section 2 of the Migration
17	and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 (22 U.S.C. 2601) to
18	meet the urgent humanitarian needs of Syrian refugees
19	and displaced persons, as well as communities hosting sig-
20	nificant numbers of Syrian refugees and displaced per-
21	sons, in accordance with established international humani-
22	tarian principles.

1	SEC. 107. REPORT ON ACCOUNTABILITY FOR VIOLATIONS
2	OF INTERNATIONAL LAW, INCLUDING WAR
3	CRIMES, AND OTHER HARM TO CIVILIANS IN
4	SYRIA DURING THE TURKISH INCURSION.
5	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
6	gress that—
7	(1) Turkish and pro-Turkish forces should end
8	all practices involving arbitrary arrests, enforced dis-
9	appearances, torture, arbitrary executions, and other
10	unlawful treatment; and
11	(2) all parties in the Turkish incursion should
12	reveal the fate or the location of all persons who
13	have been subjected to enforced disappearance.
14	(b) Report.—
15	(1) In General.—Not later than 90 days after
16	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
17	of State shall review evidence of these crimes com-
18	mitted by groups equipped and supported by Tur-
19	key, as authorized by the Syrian war crimes provi-
20	sion in section 1232 of the John S. McCain National
21	Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019,
22	and submit to the appropriate congressional commit-
23	tees a report that describes the causes and con-
24	sequences of civilian harm occurring during the
25	Turkish incursion into northeast Syria, including
26	violations of the law of armed conflict, and gross vio-

1	lations of human rights as a result of the actions of
2	all parties to the conflict.
3	(2) Elements.—The report required under
4	paragraph (1) shall include the following elements:
5	(A) A description of civilian harm occur-
6	ring in the context of the Turkish incursion, in-
7	cluding—
8	(i) mass casualty incidents; and
9	(ii) damage to, and destruction of, ci-
10	vilian infrastructure and services, includ-
11	ing—
12	(I) hospitals and other medical
13	facilities;
14	(II) electrical grids;
15	(III) water systems; and
16	(IV) other critical infrastructure.
17	(B) A description of violations of the law
18	of armed conflict committed during the Turkish
19	incursion into northeast Syria by Turkish or
20	pro-Turkish forces, including—
21	(i) alleged war crimes, including the
22	alleged use of chemical weapons against ci-
23	vilian targets;
24	(ii) specific instances of failure by the
25	parties to the conflict to exercise distinc-

1	tion, proportionality, and precaution in the
2	use force in accordance with the law of
3	armed conflict;
4	(iii) arbitrary denials of humanitarian
5	access and the resulting impact on the alle-
6	viation of human suffering;
7	(iv) extra-judicial executions and de-
8	tention-related abuses; and
9	(v) other acts that may constitute vio-
10	lations of the law of armed conflict.
11	(C) Recommendations for establishing ac-
12	countability mechanisms for civilian harm, war
13	crimes, other violations of the law of armed
14	conflict, and gross violations of human rights
15	perpetrated by Turkish and pro-Turkish forces
16	in northeast Syria, including the potential for
17	prosecuting individuals perpetrating, orga-
18	nizing, directing, or ordering such violations.
19	SEC. 108. STATEMENT OF POLICY ON DENOUNCING TAR-
20	GETING OF KURDISH COMMUNITY AT THE
21	UNITED NATIONS.
22	It is the policy of the United States to use the voice
23	and vote of the United States at the United Nations—
24	(1) to denounce the targeting of the Kurdish
25	community in northeast Syria; and

Ţ	(2) to oppose activities of the Government of
2	Turkey targeting the Kurdish community in Syria
3	SEC. 109. PARTICIPATION OF TURKEY IN NATO.
4	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find
5	ings:
6	(1) Article 1 of the North Atlantic Treaty
7	signed at Washington April 4, 1949, states, "Th
8	Parties undertake, as set forth in the Charter of th
9	United Nations, to settle any international disput
10	in which they may be involved by peaceful means in
11	such a manner that international peace and securit
12	and justice are not endangered, and to refrain in
13	their international relations from the threat or us
14	of force in any manner inconsistent with the pur
15	poses of the United Nations."
16	(2) Turkey has invaded northeast Syria with
17	the intention of targeting the Kurdish minority in
18	the country, in a manner inconsistent with Article
19	of the North Atlantic Treaty.
20	(b) Department of State Report on Participa
21	TION OF TURKEY IN NATO.—Not later than 90 day
22	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
23	of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional
24	committees a report that includes the following elements

1	(1) An assessment of the historical contribu-
2	tions made by Turkey to the NATO alliance since it
3	became a member in 1952.
4	(2) An assessment of the impact of Turkey's
5	October 2019 incursion into northeast Syria on the
6.	national security of its NATO allies.
7	(3) An assessment of Turkey's role in the alli-
8	ance and the future prospects for Turkey to fully
9	embrace and implement all 14 articles of the North
10	Atlantic Treaty.
1	SEC. 110. REPORT ON NET WORTH OF PRESIDENT RECEP
12	TAYYIP ERDOĞAN.
13	(a) In General.—Not later than 120 days after the
	(a) In General.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National
13	
13 14	date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National
13 14 15	date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the appropriate congressional
13 14 15 16	date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the estimated net worth and
13 14 15 16	date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the estimated net worth and known sources of income of Turkish President Recep
13 14 15 16 17	date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the estimated net worth and known sources of income of Turkish President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan and his family members (including
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the estimated net worth and known sources of income of Turkish President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan and his family members (including spouse, children, parents, and siblings), including assets,
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the estimated net worth and known sources of income of Turkish President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan and his family members (including spouse, children, parents, and siblings), including assets, investments, other business interests, and relevant bene-
13 14 15 16 17 18	date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the estimated net worth and known sources of income of Turkish President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan and his family members (including spouse, children, parents, and siblings), including assets, investments, other business interests, and relevant beneficial ownership information.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the estimated net worth and known sources of income of Turkish President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan and his family members (including spouse, children, parents, and siblings), including assets, investments, other business interests, and relevant beneficial ownership information.  (b) FORM.—The report required under subsection (a)

1	SEC. 111. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON GENEVA CONVENTION
2	PROHIBITION AGAINST PILLAGE.
3	It is the sense of Congress that the United States
4	will uphold its commitment to the prohibition against pil-
5	lage as referenced in Article 33 of the Geneva Convention
6	relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of
7	War, done at Geneva August 12, 1949 (commonly referred
8	to as the Fourth Geneva Convention), particularly regard-
9	ing oil.
0	TITLE II—ASSISTING VULNER-
11	ABLE KURDISH PARTNERS
12	SEC. 201. FINDINGS.
13	Congress makes the following findings:
14	(1) As of November 14, 2019, according to the
15	United Nations Office for the Coordination of Hu-
16	manitarian Affairs, more than 190,000 Syrian
17	Kurdish civilians are internally displaced and more
18	than 400,000 civilians in the Syrian conflict zone
19	will have significant humanitarian needs in Kurdish-
20	controlled areas of northeastern Syria as a result of
21	ongoing Turkish operations against Syrian Demo-
22	eratic Forces.
23	(2) Members of the Syrian Democratic Forces
24	have fought on the front lines against the Islamic
25	State, in partnership and with the close support of
26	the United States and its allies and partners.

1	SEC. 202. UNITED STATES REFUGEE PROGRAM PRIORITIES.
2	(a) In General.—The Secretary of State, in con-
3	sultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall
4	designate, as Priority 2 refugees of special humanitarian
5	concern—
6	(1) Syrian Kurds and other Syrians who were
7	or are employed by the United States Government in
8	Syria in support of the United States military or hu-
9	manitarian mission in Syria, as determined by the
10	Secretary of State, for an aggregate period of at
11	least 1 year beginning on or after January 1, 2014;
12	(2) Syrian Kurds and other Syrians who estab-
13	lish, to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State,
14	that they are or were employed in Syria for an ag-
15	gregate period of at least 1 year beginning on or
16	after January 1, 2014, by—
17	(A) a media or nongovernmental organiza-
18	tion headquartered in the United States; or
19	(B) an organization or entity that—
20	(i) is closely associated with the
21	United States military or humanitarian
22	mission in Syria, as determined by the Sec-
23	retary of State; and
24	(ii) has received a grant from, or en-
25	tered into a cooperative agreement or con-
26	tract with, the United States Government;

I	(3) the spouses, children, and parents of aliens
2	described in paragraph (1); and
3	(4) Syrian Kurds and other Syrians who—
4	(A) have been identified by the Secretary
5	of State as a persecuted group; and
6	(B) have close family members (as de
7	scribed in section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) or 203(a) o
8	the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C
9	1151(b)(2)(A)(i) and 1153(a)) in the United
10	States.
11	(b) Eligibility for Admission as a Refugee.—
12	An alien may not be denied the opportunity to apply for
13	admission as a refugee under this section solely because
14	such alien qualifies as an immediate relative of a national
15	of the United States or is eligible for admission to the
16	United States under any other immigrant classification
17	(c) Membership in Certain Syrian Organiza
18	TIONS.—An applicant for admission to the United States
19	may not be deemed inadmissible based on membership in
20	or support provided to, the Syrian Democratic Forces.
21	(d) Identification of Other Persecutei
22	Groups.—The Secretary of State is authorized to classify
23	other groups of Syrians, including vulnerable populations
24	as Priority 2 refugees of special humanitarian concern.

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1	SEC. 203. SPECIAL IMMIGRANT STATUS FOR CERTAIN SYR-
2	IAN KURDS AND OTHER SYRIANS WHO
3	WORKED FOR THE UNITED STATES GOVERN-
4	MENT IN SYRIA.
5	(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (d)(1), for
6	purposes of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
7	U.S.C. 1101 et seq.), the Secretary of Homeland Security
8	may provide any alien described in subsection (b) with the
9	status of a special immigrant under section 101(a)(27) of
10	such Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(27)) if—
11	(1) the alien, or an agent acting on behalf of
12	the alien, submits a petition to the Secretary under
13	section 204 of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1154) for classi-
1,4	fication under section 203(b)(4) of such Act (8
15	U.S.C. $1153(b)(4)$ ;
16	(2) the alien is otherwise eligible to receive an
17	immigrant visa;
18	(3) the alien is otherwise admissible to the
19	United States for permanent residence (excluding
20	the grounds for inadmissibility specified in section
21	212(a)(4) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(4))); and
22	(4) clears a background check and appropriate
23	screening, as determined by the Secretary of Home-
24	land Security.
25	(b) ALIENS DESCRIBED.—An alien described in this
26	subsection—

1	(1)(A) is a national of Syria or a stateless Kurd
2	habitually residing in Syria;
3	(B) was or is employed by, or on behalf of, the
4	United States Government in a role that was vital
5	to the success of the United States' Counter ISIS
6	mission in Syria, as determined by the Secretary of
7	State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense,
8	for a period of at least 1 year beginning on January
9	1, 2014;
10	(C) obtained a favorable written recommenda-
11	tion from the employee's senior supervisor (or the
12	person currently occupying that position) or a more
13	senior person, if the employee's senior supervisor has
14	left the employer or has left Syria, in the entity that
15	was supported by the alien;
16	(D) cleared a background check and screening
17	before submitting a petition under subsection (a)(1),
18	pursuant to the requirements set forth in subsection
19	(e)(3); and
20	(E) has experienced or is experiencing an ongo-
21	ing serious threat as a consequence of the alien's
22	employment by the United States Government; or
23	(2)(A) is the spouse or a child of a principal
24	alien described in paragraph (1); and

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(B)	is	following	or	accompanying	to	join	the
principal	ali	en in the l	Hnit	ted States.			

# (c) EVALUATION OF PETITIONS.—

- (1) Designation of Officer.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall designate a senior foreign service officer to provide an evaluation of potential applicants before approving a petition under this section.
- (2) Guidelines.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall publish guidelines for evaluating petitions under this section.

### (3) Approval process.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a petition may not be approved under this section unless the recommendation described in paragraph (1)(C) is approved by the designee referred to in paragraph (1), after conducting a risk assessment of the alien petitioner and an independent review of relevant records maintained by the United States Government or hiring organization or entity to confirm that the alien was employed

1	by, and provided faithful service to, the United
2	States Government.
3	(B) NOTIFICATION AND APPEAL.—An ap-
4	plicant whose application has been denied under
5	subparagraph (A)—
_6_	(i) shall receive a written decision that
7	provides, to the maximum extent feasible,
8	information describing the basis for the de-
9	nial, including the facts and inferences un-
10	derlying the individual determination; and
11	(ii) shall be provided an opportunity
12	for not more than 1 written appeal,
13	which—
14	(I) shall be submitted not more
15	than 120 days after the date on which
16	the applicant receives such written de-
17	cision;
18	(II) may request the reopening of
19	such denial; and
20	(III) shall provide additional in-
21	formation, clarify existing informa-
22	tion, or explain any unfavorable infor-
23	mation.
24	(4) EVIDENCE OF SERIOUS THREAT.—In mak-
25	ing a determination under subsection $(b)(1)(E)$ , a

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credible sworn statement depicting dangerous country conditions and official evidence of such country conditions from the United States Government shall be considered as a factor in determining whether an alien petitioner has experienced or is experiencing an ongoing serious threat as a consequence of the alien's employment by the United States Government.

# (d) Numerical Limitations.—

- (1) In General.—Except as otherwise provided under this subsection, the total number of principal aliens who may be provided special immigrant status under this section may not exceed 400 in any fiscal year beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- EXCLUSION FROM NUMERICAL LIMITA-TIONS.—Aliens provided special immigrant status under this section shall not be counted against any numerical limitation under section 201(d), 202(a), or 203(b)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(d), 1152(a), and 1153(b)(4)).
- (3) Carry forward.—If the numerical limitation set forth in paragraph (1) is not reached during a fiscal year, the numerical limitation under such paragraph for the following fiscal year shall be in-

1	creased by a number equal to the difference be-
2	tween—
3	(A) the number of visas authorized under
4	paragraph (1) for such fiscal year; and
5	(B) the number of principal aliens provided
6	special immigrant status under this section dur-
7	ing such fiscal year.
8	(e) VISA AND PASSPORT ISSUANCE AND FEES.—An
9	alien described in subsection (b) may not be charged any
10	fee in connection with an application for, or the issuance
11	of, a special immigrant visa under this section.
12	(f) PROTECTION OF ALIENS.—The Secretary of
13	State, in consultation with the heads of other appropriate
14	Federal agencies, shall make a reasonable effort to provide
15	protection to each alien described in subsection (b) who
16	is seeking special immigrant status under this section or
17	to immediately remove such alien from Syria, if possible
18	if the Secretary determines, after consultation, that such
19	alien is in imminent danger.
20	(g) Security.—An alien is not eligible for admission
21	as a special immigrant under this section if the alien is
22	otherwise inadmissible to the United States under section
23	212(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
24	U.S.C. 1182(a)(3)).
25	(h) Application Process.—

- (1) Representation.—An alien applying for admission to the United States as a special immigrant under this section may be represented during the application process, including at relevant interviews and examinations, by an attorney or other accredited representative. Such representation shall not be at the expense of the United States Government.
  - (2) Completion.—The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall ensure that applications for special immigrant visas under this section are processed in such a manner to ensure that all steps under the control of the respective departments incidental to the issuance of such visas, including required screenings and background checks, are completed not later than 9 months after the date on which an eligible alien submits all required materials to apply for such visas.
  - (3) Rule of construction.—Notwith-standing paragraph (2), any Secretary referred to in such paragraph may take longer than 9 months to complete the steps incidental to issuing a visa under this section if the Secretary—

1	(A) determines that the satisfaction of na-
2	tional security concerns requires additional
3	time; and
4	(B) notifies the applicant of such deter-
5	mination.
6	(i) Eligibility for Other Immigrant Classi-
7	FICATION.—An alien may not be denied the opportunity
8	to apply for admission under this section solely because
9	such alien—
10	(1) qualifies as an immediate relative of a na-
11	tional of the United States; or
12	(2) is eligible for admission to the United
13	States under any other immigrant classification.
14	(j) Resettlement Support.—An alien who is
15	granted special immigrant status under this section shall
16	be eligible for the same resettlement assistance, entitle-
17	ment programs, and other benefits as are available to refu-
18	gees admitted under section 207 of the Immigration and
19	Naturalization Act (8 U.S.C. 1157).
20	(k) AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT ADMINISTRATIVE
21	MEASURES.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, the
22	Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Defense shall im-
23	plement any additional administrative measures they con-
24	sider necessary and appropriate—

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1	(1) to ensure the prompt processing of applica-
2	tions under this section;
3	(2) to preserve the integrity of the program es-
4	tablished under this section; and
5	(3) to protect the national security interests of
6	the United States related to such program.
7	(l) Savings Provision.—Nothing in this section
8	may be construed to affect the authority of the Secretary
9	of Homeland Security under section 1059 of the National
10	Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public
11	Law 109–163; 8 U.S.C. 1101 note).
12	SEC. 204. PROCESSING MECHANISMS.
13	The Secretary of State shall use existing refugee
14	processing mechanisms in Iraq and in other countries in
15	the region, as appropriate, through which—
16	(1) aliens described in section 202(a) may apply
17	and interview for admission to the United States as
18	refugees; and
19	(2) aliens described in section 203(b) may apply
20	and interview for admission to the United States as
21	special immigrants.
22	TITLE III—SANCTIONS AND
23	OTHER RESTRICTIVE MEASURES
24	SEC. 301. DEFINITIONS.
25	In this title:

1	(1) Admission; admitted; alien.—The terms
2	"admission", "admitted", and "alien" have the
3	meanings given those terms in section 101 of the
4	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).
5	(2) Appropriate congressional commit-
6	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
7	mittees" means—
8	(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations
9	and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
10	Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
11	(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
12	the Committee on Financial Services of the
13	House of Representatives.
14	(3) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term "fi-
15	nancial institution" means a financial institution
16	specified in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (D), (E),
17	(F), (G), (H), (I), (J), (M), or (Y) of section
18	5312(a)(2) of title 31, United States Code.
19	(4) FOREIGN FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The
20	term "foreign financial institution" has the meaning
21	given that term in regulations prescribed by the Sec-
22	retary of the Treasury.
23	(5) Foreign person.—The term "foreign per-
24	son" means an individual or entity that is not a
25	United States person.

1	(6) Knowingly.—The term "knowingly" with
2	respect to conduct, a circumstance, or a result,
3	means that a person has actual knowledge, or should
4	have known, of the conduct, the circumstance, or the
5	result.
6	(7) United states person.—The term
7	"United States person" means—
8	(A) a United States citizen or an alien law-
9	fully admitted for permanent residence to the
10	United States; or
11	(B) an entity organized under the laws of
12	the United States or any jurisdiction within the
13	United States, including a foreign branch of
14	such an entity.
15	Subtitle A—Measures to Deter
16	Turkish Malign Activities in Syria
17	SEC. 311. EFFECTIVE DATE; TERMINATION.
18	(a) Requirement for Finding.—
19	(1) In general.—Not later than 45 days after
20	the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90
21	days thereafter, the Secretary of State, the Sec-
22	retary of Defense, and the Director of National In-
23	telligence, shall jointly submit to the appropriate
24	congressional committees the finding and certifi-
25	cation described in paragraph (2).

1	(2) FINDING AND CERTIFICATION DE-
2	SCRIBED.—The finding and certification described in
3	this paragraph is a finding and certification that the
4	Government of Turkey is not—
5	(A) engaged in or knowingly supporting of-
6	fensive operations against the Syrian Demo-
7	eratic Forces, Kurdish or Arab civilians, or
8	other religious or ethnic minority communities
9	in northeast Syria;
10	(B) committing, directing, or knowingly fa-
11	cilitating the commission of serious violations of
12	internationally recognized human rights in
13	northeast Syria;
14	(C) hindering counterterrorism operations
15	against ISIS and its affiliates; and
16	(D) engaged in the forcible repatriation of
17	Syrian refugees from Turkey to Syria.
18	(b) Effective Date.—The requirements of this
19	subtitle shall take effect on the first date on which the
20	Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, and the Di-
21	rector of National Intelligence are unable or otherwise fail
22	to submit jointly the finding and certification described
23	in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) as required by para-
24	graph (1) of that subsection.

1	(c) TERMINATION.—The requirements of this subtitle
2	shall terminate if, after the effective date described in sub-
3	section (b), the Secretary of State, the Secretary of De-
4	fense, and the Director of National Intelligence jointly
5	submit to the appropriate congressional committees the
6	finding and certification described in subsection (a)(2).
7	SEC. 312. RESTRICTION ON ARMS SALES TO TURKEY.
8	(a) Prohibition on Arms Transfers to Tur-
9	KEY.—
10	(1) IN GENERAL.—On and after the effective
11	date described in section 311(b), no United States
12	defense articles, services, or technology may be
13	transferred under the Arms Export Control Act (22
14	U.S.C. 2751 et seq.) or any other provision of law
15	to Turkey if such articles, services, or technology are
16	likely to be used in operations by the Turkish Armed
17	Forces in Syria.
18	(2) Exception.—The prohibition under para-
19	graph (1) does not apply to transfers for ultimate
20	end use by the United States Armed Forces or in
21	military operations approved by NATO, or for
22	verified incorporation into defense articles for re-ex-
23	ports to other countries.
24	(b) Limitation on Licenses to Transfer De-
25	FENSE ARTICLES OR DEFENSE SERVICES TO TURKEY.—

I	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 3
2	or 36 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C.
3	2753 and 2776) or any other provision of law, the
4	President may not, on and after the effective date
5	described in section 311(b), issue a license to export,
6	or letter of offer or consent for the transfer of de-
7	fense articles or defense services to Turkey unless—
8	(A) the President notifies Congress of the
9	President's intention to issue the license or let-
0	ter of offer or consent;
1	(B) a period of not less than 30 days
2	elapses after Congress receives that notification;
.3	and
4	(C) during the period described in sub-
5	paragraph (B), a joint resolution disapproving
6	the issuance of the license or letter of offer or
7	consent is not enacted in accordance with para-
8	graph (2).
9	(2) Consideration of joint resolutions.—
20	(A) Senate.—A joint resolution under
21	paragraph (1) shall be considered in the Senate
22	in accordance with the provisions of section
23	601(b) of the International Security Assistance
24	and Arms Export Control Act of 1976 (Public
25	Law 94–329; 90 Stat. 765).

1	(B) House of representatives.—For
2	the purpose of expediting the consideration and
3	enactment of a joint resolution under paragraph
4	(1), a motion to proceed to the consideration of
5	any such joint resolution after it has been re-
6	ported by the appropriate committee shall be
7	treated as highly privileged in the House of
8	Representatives.
9	(3) Exception.—The limitation under para-
10	graph (1) does not apply to licenses required for
11	transfers described in subsection (a)(2). The Sec-
12	retary of State shall provide to the Committee on
13	Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee
14	on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives
15	a monthly report summarizing each license approved
16	under this exemption.
17	SEC. 313. OPPOSITION TO LOANS FROM INTERNATIONAL
18	FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS THAT BENEFIT
19	THE GOVERNMENT OF TURKEY.
20	(a) In General.—The President shall direct the
21	United States executive director to each international fi-
22	nancial institution to use the voice and vote of the United
23	States to oppose any loan from the international financial
24	institution that would benefit the Government of Turkey
25	on and after the effective date described in section 311(b).

- 1 (b) International Financial Institution De-
- 2 FINED.—In this section, the term "international financial
- 3 institution" has the meaning given that term in section
- 4 1701(c) of the International Financial Institutions Act
- 5 (22 U.S.C. 262r(c)).
- 6 (c) Exception for Humanitarian Purposes,—
- 7 The restrictions under subsection (a) shall not apply with
- 8 respect to loans or financial or technical assistance pro-
- 9 vided for basic human needs.
- 10 (d) Waiver for Energy Diversification
- 11 Projects.—The Secretary of the Treasury may waive, on
- 12 a case-by-case basis, the application of the restrictions
- 13 under subsection (a) only if, not later than 15 days after
- 14 issuing the waiver, the Secretary submits to the appro-
- 15 priate congressional committees a written determination
- 16 that the waiver will be used to support a project to diver-
- 17 sify energy resources in Turkey and to lessen the depend-
- 18 ence of Turkey on oil or gas from the Russian Federation
- 19 or Iran, or to support a project to diversify energy re-
- 20 sources in Europe and to lessen the dependence of Europe
- 21 on oil or gas from the Russian Federation or Iran.

1	SEC. 314. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO
2	OFFICIALS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF TURKEY
3	RELATING TO OPERATIONS IN SYRIA.
4	(a) CERTAIN SENIOR OFFICIALS.—On and after the
5	effective date described in section 311(b), each of the fol-
6	lowing officials shall be subject to the same sanctions as
7	a person included on the list of specially designated na-
8	tionals and blocked persons maintained by the Office of
9	Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treas-
10	ury:
11	(1) The Minister of National Defense of Tur-
12	key.
13	(2) The Chief of the General Staff of the Turk-
14	ish Armed Forces.
15	(3) The Commander of the 2nd Army of the
16	Turkish Armed Forces.
17	(4) The Minister of Treasury and Finance of
18	Turkey.
19	-(b) Additional Officials.—
20	(1) List required.—Not later than 30 days
21	after the effective date described in section 311(b),
22	and every 60 days thereafter, the Secretary of State,
23	in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and
24	the Director of National Intelligence, shall submit to
25	the appropriate congressional committees a list of
26	individuals that the Secretary of State, in consulta-

1	non with the Secretary of Defense and the Director
2	of National Intelligence, determines are—
3	(A) senior officials of the Turkish Armed
4	Forces leading offensive operations against the
5	Syrian Democratic Forces, Kurdish or Arab ci-
6	vilians, or other religious or ethnic minority
7	communities in northeast Syria; and
8	(B) officials of the Government of Turkey
9	significantly facilitating such operations.
10	(2) Imposition of sanctions.—On and after
11	the date that is 15 days after the submission of the
12	most recent list required by paragraph (1), the
13	President shall impose the following sanctions with
14	respect to each foreign person identified on the list:
15	(A) Property blocking.—The President
16	shall exercise all of the powers granted by the
17	International Emergency Economic Powers Act
18	(50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) (except that the re-
19	quirements of section 202 of such Act (50
20	U.S.C. 1701) shall not apply) to the extent nec-
21	essary to block and prohibit all transactions in
22	all property and interests in property of a for-
23	eign person if such property and interests in
24	property are in the United States, come within

1	the United States, or are or come within the
2	possession or control of a United States person.
3	(B) ALIENS INADMISSIBLE FOR VISAS, AD-
4	MISSION, OR PAROLE.—
5	(i) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—
6	An alien is—
7	(I) inadmissible to the United
8	States;
9	(II) ineligible to receive a visa or
10	other documentation to enter the
11	United States; and
12	(III) otherwise ineligible to be
13	admitted or paroled into the United
14	States or to receive any other benefit
15	under the Immigration and Nation-
16	ality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.).
17	(ii) Current visas revoked.—
18	(I) In General.—The visa or
19	other entry documentation of an alien
20	shall be revoked, regardless of when
21	such visa or other entry documenta-
22	tion is or was issued.
23	(II) IMMEDIATE EFFECT.—A rev-
24	ocation under subclause (I) shall—

1	(aa) take effect immediately;
2	and
3	(bb) automatically cancel
4	any other valid visa or entry doc-
5	umentation that is in the alien's
6	possession.
7	SEC. 315. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO
8	FOREIGN PERSONS PROVIDING ARMS TO
9	TURKISH FORCES IN SYRIA.
10	(a) LIST REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after
11	the effective date described in section 311(b), and every
12	120 days thereafter and as new information becomes avail-
13	able, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Sec-
14	retary of Defense and the Director of National Intel-
15	ligence, shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-
16	mittees a list of any foreign persons the Secretary of
17	State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and
18	the Director of National Intelligence, determines to have
19	knowingly provided, on or after such effective date, signifi-
20	cant defense articles, services, or technology to Turkey
21	likely to be used in operations by the Turkish Armed
22	Forces in Syria.
23	(b) Imposition of Sanctions.—On and after the
24	date on which the first list required by subsection (a) is
25	submitted, the President shall impose 3 or more of the

1	sanctions described in subsection (c) with respect to each
2	foreign person identified on the list.
3	(c) Sanctions Described.—The sanctions that
4	may be imposed with respect to a foreign person under
5	subsection (b) are the following:
6	(1) EXPORT-IMPORT BANK ASSISTANCE.—The
7	President may direct the Export-Import Bank of the
8	United States not to give approval to the issuance
9	of any guarantee, insurance, extension of credit, or
10	participation in the extension of credit in connection
11	with the export of any goods or services to the for-
12	eign person.
13	(2) Export sanction.—The President may
14	order the United States Government not to issue
15	any specific license and not to grant any other spe-
16	cific permission or authority to export any goods or
17	technology to the foreign person under—
18	(A) section $1754(c)(1)(A)(i)$ of the Export
19	Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C.
20	4813(e)(1)(A)(i));
21	(B) the Arms Export Control Act (22
22	U.S.C. 2751 et seq.);
23	(C) the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
24	U.S.C. 2011 et seq.); or

1	(D) any other statute that requires the
2	prior review and approval of the United States
3	Government as a condition for the export or re-
4	export of goods or services.
5	(3) LOANS FROM UNITED STATES FINANCIAL
6	INSTITUTIONS.—The President may prohibit any
7	United States financial institution from making
8	loans or providing credits to the foreign person total-
9	ing more than \$10,000,000 in any 12-month period
10	unless the person is engaged in activities to relieve
11	human suffering and the loans or credits are pro-
12	vided for such activities.
13	(4) LOANS FROM INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL
14	INSTITUTIONS.—The President may direct the
15	United States executive director to each inter-
16	national financial institution to use the voice and
17	vote of the United States to oppose any loan from
18	the international financial institution that would
19	benefit the foreign person.
20	(5) Prohibitions on Financial Institu-
21	TIONS.—The following prohibitions may be imposed
22	against the person if that person is a financial insti-
23	tution:
24	(A) Prohibition on designation as
25	PRIMARY DEALER.—Neither the Board of Gov-

1	ernors of the Federal Reserve System nor the
2	Federal Reserve Bank of New York may des-
3	ignate, or permit the continuation of any prior
4	designation of, the financial institution as a pri-
5	mary dealer in United States Government debt
6	instruments.
7	(B) Prohibition on service as a re-
8	POSITORY OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS.—The fi-
9	nancial institution may not serve as agent of
10	the United States Government or serve as re-
11	pository for United States Government funds.
12	The imposition of either sanction under subpara-
13	graph (A) or (B) shall be treated as one sanction for
14	purposes of subsection (b), and the imposition of
15	both such sanctions shall be treated as two sanctions
16	for purposes of subsection (b).
17	(6) PROCUREMENT SANCTION.—The United
18	States Government may not procure, or enter into
19	any contract for the procurement of, any goods or
20	services from the foreign person.
21	(7) Foreign exchange.—The President may
22	pursuant to such regulations as the President may
23	prescribe, prohibit any transactions in foreign ex-
24	change that are subject to the jurisdiction of the

1	United States and in which the person has any in-
2	terest.
3	(8) Banking transactions.—The President
4	may, pursuant to such regulations as the President
5	may prescribe, prohibit any transfers of credit or
6	payments between financial institutions or by,
7	through, or to any financial institution, to the extent
8	that such transfers or payments are subject to the
9	jurisdiction of the United States and involve any in-
10	terest of the foreign person.
11	(9) Property transactions.—The President
12	may, pursuant to such regulations as the President
13	may prescribe, prohibit any person from—
14	(A) acquiring, holding, withholding, using,
15	transferring, withdrawing, transporting, import-
16	ing, or exporting any property that is subject to
17	the jurisdiction of the United States and with
18	respect to which the foreign person has any in-
19	terest;
20	(B) dealing in or exercising any right,
21	power, or privilege with respect to such prop-
22	erty; or
23	(C) conducting any transaction involving
24	such property.

1	(10) Ban on investment in equity or debt
2	OF SANCTIONED PERSON.—The President may, pur-
3	suant to such regulations or guidelines as the Presi-
4	dent may prescribe, prohibit any United States per-
5	son from investing in or purchasing significant
6	amounts of equity or debt instruments of the foreign
7	person.
8	(11) Exclusion of corporate officers.—
9	The President may direct the Secretary of State to
10	deny a visa to, and the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
11	rity to exclude from the United States, any alien
12	that the President determines is a corporate officer
13	or principal of, or a shareholder with a controlling
14	interest in, the foreign person.
15	(12) Sanctions on principal executive of-
16	FICERS.—The President may impose on the prin-
17	cipal executive officer or officers of the sanctioned
18	person, or on persons performing similar functions
19	and with similar authorities as such officer or offi-
20	cers, any of the sanctions under this subsection.
21	(d) Exception.—Sanctions imposed under this sec-
22	tion shall not apply to transfers of defense articles, serv-
23	ices, or technology for ultimate end use by the United
24	States Armed Forces or in military operations approved

1	by NATO or for verified incorporation into defense articles
2	for re-export to other countries.
3	SEC. 316. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO
4	FOREIGN FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS THAT FA
5	CILITATE TRANSACTIONS FOR TURKISH
6	ARMED FORCES.
7	(a) Halk Bankası or Halkbank.—
8	(1) In general.—On and after the effective
9	date described in section 311(b), the President shall
10	impose 3 or more of the sanctions described in sub-
11	section (c) with respect to—
12	(A) Halk Bankasi;
13	(B) Halkbank; and
14	(C) any successor entity to an entity speci-
15	fied in subparagraph (A) or (B).
16	(2) Failure to impose sanctions on halk
17	BANKASI OR HALKBANK.—If, as of the date that is
18	90 days after the effective date described in section
19	311(b), the President has not imposed 3 or more of
20	the sanctions described in subsection (c) with respect
21	to a financial institution described in paragraph (1),
22	that institution shall be subject to the same sanc-
23	tions as a person included on the list of specially
24	designated nationals and blocked persons maintained

1	by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the De-
2	partment of the Treasury.
3	(b) Additional Foreign Financial Institu-
4	TIONS.—
5	(1) In General.—If the President determines
6	on and after the effective date described in section
7	311(b), that any foreign financial institution (other
8	than a financial institution specified in subsection
9	(a)(1)), has knowingly facilitated a significant trans-
10	action for the Turkish Armed Forces for the purpose
11	of supporting the military operations of Turkey in
12	Syria, the President shall, not later than 60 days
13	after that determination, impose 3 or more of the
14	sanctions described in subsection (c) with respect to
15	that foreign financial institution.
16	(2) REGULATIONS REQUIRED.—Not later than
17	90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act
18	the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe regula-
19	tions to implement paragraph (1).
20	(e) Sanctions Described.—The sanctions that
21	may be imposed under subsection (a) or (b) with respec-
22	to a foreign financial institution are the following:
23	(1) EXPORT-IMPORT BANK ASSISTANCE FOR
24	EXPORTS.—The President may direct the Export
25	Import Bank of the United States not to give ap

- proval to the issuance of any guarantee, insurance, extension of credit, or participation in the extension of credit in connection with the export of any goods or services to the foreign financial institution.
  - (2) Loans from united States financial institution may prohibit any United States financial institution from making loans or providing credits to the foreign financial institution totaling more than \$10,000,000 in any 12-month period unless the foreign financial institution is engaged in activities to relieve human suffering and the loans or credits are provided for such activities.
  - (3) Loans from international financial institution to use the voice and vote of the United States to oppose any loan from the international financial institution that would benefit the foreign financial institution.
  - (4) Prohibition on designation as primary dealer.—Neither the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System nor the Federal Reserve Bank of New York may designate, or permit the continuation of any prior designation of, the foreign

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- financial institution as a primary dealer in United
   States Government debt instruments.
  - (5) Prohibition on Service as a repositional tory of Government funds.—The foreign financial institution may not serve as an agent of the United States Government or serve as a repository for United States Government funds.
    - (6) Foreign exchange.—The President may, pursuant to such regulations as the President may prescribe, prohibit any transactions in foreign exchange that are subject to the jurisdiction of the United States and in which the foreign financial institution has any interest.
    - (7) Banking transactions.—The President may, pursuant to such regulations as the President may prescribe, prohibit any transfers of credit or payments between financial institutions or by, through, or to any financial institution, to the extent that such transfers or payments are subject to the jurisdiction of the United States and involve any interest of the foreign financial institution.
    - (8) Property transactions.—The President may, pursuant to such regulations as the President may prescribe, prohibit any person from—

1	(A) acquiring, holding, withholding, using
2	transferring, withdrawing, transporting, import-
3	ing, or exporting any property that is subject to
4	the jurisdiction of the United States and with
5	respect to which the foreign financial institution
6	has any interest;
7	(B) dealing in or exercising any right,
8	power, or privilege with respect to such prop-
9	erty; or
10	(C) conducting any transaction involving
11	such property.
12	(9) Ban on investment in equity or debt
13	OF SANCTIONED PERSON.—The President may, pur-
14	suant to such regulations or guidelines as the Presi-
15	dent may prescribe, prohibit any United States per-
16	son from investing in or purchasing significant
17	amounts of equity or debt instruments of the foreign
18	financial institution.
19	(10) Exclusion of corporate officers.—
20	The President may direct the Secretary of State to
21	deny a visa to, and the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
22	rity to exclude from the United States, any alien
23	that the President determines is a corporate officer
24	or principal of, or a shareholder with a controlling
25	interest in, the foreign financial institution.

I	(11) SANCTIONS ON PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OF-
2	FICERS.—The President may impose on the prin-
3	cipal executive officer or officers of the foreign fi-
4	nancial institution, or on persons performing similar
5	functions and with similar authorities as such officer
6	or officers, any of the sanctions under this sub-
7	section.
8	Subtitle B—Other Sanctions and
9	Restrictive Measures
0	SEC. 321. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO
1	OFFICIALS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF TURKEY
2	INVOLVED IN HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSES.
3	(a) In General.—On and after the date that is 90
4	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every
5	120 days thereafter, the President shall impose the sanc-
6	tions described in subsection (b) with respect to any offi-
7	cial of the Government of Turkey or member of the Turk-
8	ish Armed Forces that the President determines is respon-
9	sible for serious abuses of internationally recognized
20	human rights relating to Turkey's invasion of northeast
21	Syria.
22	(b) Sanctions Described.—The sanctions to be
23	imposed with respect to an official described in subsection
24	(a) are the following:

1	(1) Property blocking.—The President shall
2	exercise all of the powers granted by the Inter-
3	national Emergency Economic Powers Act (50
4	U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) (except that the requirements
5	of section 202 of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1701) shall
6	not apply) to the extent necessary to block and pro-
7	hibit all transactions in all property and interests in
8	property of a foreign person if such property and in-
9	terests in property are in the United States, come
10	within the United States, or are or come within the
11	possession or control of a United States person.
12	(2) Aliens inadmissible for visas, admis-
13	SION, OR PAROLE.—
14	(A) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—An
15	alien is—
16	(i) inadmissible to the United States;
17	(ii) ineligible to receive a visa or other
18	documentation to enter the United States;
19	and
20	(iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted
21	or paroled into the United States or to re-
22	ceive any other benefit under the Immigra-
23	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
24	seq.).
25	(B) Current visas revoked.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The visa or other
2	entry documentation of an alien shall be
3	revoked, regardless of when such visa or
4	other entry documentation is or was
5	issued.
6	(ii) Immediate effect.—A revoca-
7	tion under clause (i) shall—
8	(I) take effect immediately; and
9	(II) automatically cancel any
10	other valid visa or entry documenta-
11	tion that is in the alien's possession.
12	SEC. 322. IMPOSITION OF CAATSA SECTION 231 SANCTIONS
13	AGAINST TURKEY.
14	(a) Treatment of Purchase of S-400 Air and
15	MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEM AS SANCTIONABLE TRANS-
16	ACTION.—For the purposes of section 231 of the Coun-
17	tering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act (22
18	U.S.C. 9525), Turkey's acquisition of the S-400 air de-
19	fense system from the Russian Federation beginning July
20	12, 2019, shall be considered to be a significant trans-
21	action described in that section.
22	(b) Imposition of Sanctions.—Not later than 30
23	days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Presi-
24	dent shall, in accordance with section 231 of the Coun-
25	tering America's Adversaries Through Sanctions Act (22

1	U.S.C. 9525), impose 5 or more of the sanctions described
2	in section 235 of that Act (22 U.S.C. 9529) with respect
3	to each person that knowingly engaged in the acquisition
4	of the S-400 air defense system from the Russian Federa-
5	tion.
6	SEC. 323. PROHIBITION ON TRANSFER OF F-35 AIRCRAFT
7	TO TURKEY.
8	(a) In General.—Except as provided under sub-
9	sections (b) and (c), no funds may be obligated or ex-
10	pended— .
11	(1) to transfer, facilitate the transfer, or au-
12	thorize the transfer of an F-35 aircraft to Turkey;
13	(2) to transfer intellectual property or technical
14	data necessary for or related to any maintenance or
15	support of F-35 aircraft in Turkey; or
16	(3) to construct a storage facility for, or other-
17	wise facilitate the storage in Turkey of, an F-35 air-
18	craft transferred to Turkey.
19	(b) Waiver.—The President may waive the limita-
20	tion under subsection (a) upon a written certification to
21	Congress that—
22	(1) the Government of Turkey no longer oper-
23	ates, possesses, exercises effective control over, or is
24	pursuing any activity to reacquire the S-400 air de-
25	fense system or a successor system, and

1	(2) no S-400 air defense system or successor
2	system is operated or maintained by Russian nation-
3	als, or persons acting on behalf of the Russian Fed-
4	eration, inside Turkey.
5	(c) Exception.—The limitation under subsection (a)
6	does not apply to F-35 aircraft operated by the United
7	States Armed Forces or other international consortium
8	members other than Turkey.
9	(d) Transfer Defined.—In this section, the term
10	"transfer" includes the physical relocation outside of the
11	continental United States.
12	SEC. 324. LIMITATIONS ON FUTURE TRANSFER OF F-35 AIR-
13	CRAFT TO TURKEY.
14	Notwithstanding any other provision of law (other
15	than section 323), any sale or transfer on or after the date
16	of the enactment of this Act of F-35 aircraft to Turkey
17	shall be subject to the requirements of section 36 of the
18	Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2776). $^{+}$
19	SEC. 325. PROHIBITION ON EXPORT OR TRANSFER TO TUR-
20	KEY OF F-16 AIRCRAFT AND RELATED TRAIN-
21	ING, SPARE PARTS, AND OTHER SUPPORT.
22	The President may not issue a license to export, con-
23	sent to the transfer of, or approve a letter of offer for
24	F-16 aircraft or logistics, training, provision of spare
25	parts or components, or other support for F-16 aircraft

to the Government of Turkey, and no United States defense articles or services may be provided for such purposes, until 15 days after the President certifies in writing to Congress that— 5 (1) the Government of Turkey no longer oper-6 ates, possesses, exercises effective control over, or is 7 pursuing any activity to reacquire the S-400 air de-8 fense system or a successor system; and 9 (2) no S-400 air defense system or successor 10 system is operated or maintained by Russian nation-11 als, or persons acting on behalf of the Russian Fed-12 eration, inside Turkey. 13 SEC. 326. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO 14 SUPPORT BY THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION FOR 15 THE ASSAD REGIME. 16 (a) LIST REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after 17 the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 120 days 18 thereafter, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the 19 Secretary of Defense and the Director of National Intel-20 ligence, shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-21 mittees a list of each Russian person that the Secretary 22 of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the Director of National Intelligence, determines, on or 24 after such date of enactment, knowingly exports, transfers, or otherwise provides to Syria significant financial,

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1	material, or technological support that contributes materi-
2	ally to the ability of the Government of Syria to acquire
3	defense articles, defense services, and related information.
4	(b) Sanctions.—A Russian person identified on the
5	list required by subsection (a) shall be subject to the same
6	sanctions as a person included on the list of specially des-
7	ignated nationals and blocked persons maintained by the
8	Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the
9	Treasury.
10	(e) Waiver.—
11	(1) In General.—The President may, on a
12	case-by-case basis and for renewable periods of not
13	to exceed 60 days, waive the application of this sec-
14	tion with respect to a Russian person if the Presi-
15	dent determines and certifies to the appropriate con-
16	gressional committees that such a waiver is in the
17	vital national security interests of the United States.
18	(2) Certification.—The certification ref-
19	erenced in paragraph (1) shall include a detailed ex-
20	planation of the specific factors upon which the de-

termination was made that a waiver is in the vital

the issuance of a waiver under paragraph (1), and

every 90 days thereafter while the waiver remains in

(3) Briefing.—Not later than 10 days after

national security interests of the United States.

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1	effect, the President shall brief the appropriate con-
2	gressional committees on the justification for the
3	waiver.
4	(d) Russian Person Defined.—In this section, the
5	term "Russian person" has the meaning given that term
6	in section 256(c) of the Countering America's Adversaries
7	Through Sanctions Act (22 U.S.C. 9545(e)).
8	SEC. 327. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON CIVILIAN NUCLEAR CO-
9	OPERATION AGREEMENTS WITH TURKEY.
0	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
1	gress that—
2	(1) the statement by President Erdogan on
3	September 4, 2019, that he "cannot accept" a state
4	of affairs in which Turkey has no missiles armed
5	with nuclear warheads, along with other concerning
6	statements from senior officials that Turkey may
7	pursue a nuclear-weapons capability, runs counter to
8	Turkey's obligations under the Nuclear Non-
9	proliferation Treaty;
20	(2) concerns have been raised about Turkey's
21	adherence to international nonproliferation agree-
22	ments, including the Chemical Weapons Convention;
23	(3) Congress should exercise oversight of the
24	2008 United States-Turkey civilian nuclear coopera-
25	tion agreement ("123 agreement") prior to its auto-

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- 1 matic renewal in 2023 if credible evidence emerges 2 that the Government of Turkey may pursue develop-3 ment of a nuclear weapon; and 4 (4) a new or renewed civilian-nuclear coopera-5 tion agreement with the Government of Turkey 6 should be made in accordance with the requirements 7 of section 123 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 8 (42 U.S. 2153) and Congress should be afforded the 9 opportunity to vote on the renewal of such an agree-10 ment if circumstances surrounding Turkev's nuclear 11 program or United States-Turkey relations undergo 12 a substantial change. 13 (b) Definitions.—In this section: 14 (1) CHEMICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION.—The 15 term "Chemical Weapons Convention" means the 16 Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, 17 Production, Stockpiling and use of Chemical Weap-18 ons and on their Destruction, done at Paris January
  - (2) Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty.—
    The term "Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty" means the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, done at Washington, London, and Moscow July 1, 1968.

## 1 Subtitle C—General Provisions

- 2 SEC. 331. EXCEPTIONS; WAIVERS.
- 3 (a) Exception for Intelligence Activities.—
- 4 Sanctions under this title shall not apply to any activity
- 5 subject to the reporting requirements under title V of the
- 6 National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.),
- 7 or to any authorized intelligence activities of the United
- 8 States.
- 9 (b) Exception for Official Business of United
- 10 States Government.—Sanctions under this title shall
- 11 not apply to the conduct of the official business of the
- 12 United States Government by employees, contractors, or
- 13 grantees of the United States Government.
- 14 (c) Exceptions for Compliance With Inter-
- 15 NATIONAL OBLIGATIONS AND LAW ENFORCEMENT AC-
- 16 TIVITIES.—Sanctions under this title shall not apply with
- 17 respect to an alien if admitting or paroling the alien into
- 18 the United States is necessary—
- (1) to permit the United States to comply with
- the Agreement regarding the Headquarters of the
- 21 United Nations, signed at Lake Success June 26,
- 22 1947, and entered into force November 21, 1947,
- between the United Nations and the United States,
- or other applicable international obligations; or

1	(2) to carry out or assist law enforcement activ-
2	ity in the United States.
3	(d) Exception Relating to Importation of
4	Goods.—
5	(1) In General.—The authorities and require-
6	ments to impose sanctions authorized under this
7	title shall not include the authority or a requirement
8	to impose sanctions on the importation of goods.
9	(2) GOOD DEFINED.—In this subsection, the
10	term "good" means any article, natural or manmade
11	substance, material, supply or manufactured prod-
12	uct, including inspection and test equipment, and ex-
13	cluding technical data.
14	(e) National Security Waiver.—
15	(1) In general.—The President may, on a
16	case-by-case basis, waive for a period of not more
17	than 90 days, the imposition of sanctions under sec-
18	tion 314, 315, 316, or 321 with respect to a foreign
19	person if the President submits to the appropriate
20	congressional committees—
21	(A) a written determination that the waiv-
22	er is important to the national security interests
23	of the United States;
24	(B) a detailed explanation of how the waiv-
25	er is important to those interests; and

1	(C) a report addressing whether the Gov-
2	ernment of Turkey is—
3	(i) engaged in offensive operations
4	against the Syrian Democratic Forces,
5	Kurdish or Arab civilians, or other reli-
6	gious_or_ethnic_minority_communities_in
7	northeast Syria;
8	(ii) committing, directing, or know-
9	ingly facilitating the commission of gross
10	violations of internationally recognized
11	human rights in northeast Syria;
12	(iii) hindering counterterrorism oper-
13	ations against ISIS and its affiliates; or
14	(iv) engaged in the forcible repatri-
15	ation of Syrian refugees from Turkey to
16	Syria.
17	(2) Renewal of Waivers.—The President
18	may, on a case-by-case basis, renew a waiver under
19	paragraph (1) for additional periods of not more
20	than 90 days each if, not later than 30 days before
21	the waiver expires, the President submits to the ap-
22	propriate congressional committees—
23	(A) a written determination that the re-
24	newal of the waiver is important to the national
25	security interests of the United States;

1	(B) a detailed explanation of how the re-
2	newal of the waiver is important to those inter-
3	ests; and
4	(C) a report addressing whether the Gov-
5	ernment of Turkey is—
6	(i) engaged in offensive operations
7	against the Syrian Democratic Forces,
8	Kurdish or Arab civilians, or other reli-
9	gious or ethnic minority communities in
10	northeast Syria;
11	(ii) committing, directing, or know-
12	ingly facilitating the commission of gross
13	violations of internationally recognized
14	human rights in northeast Syria;
15	(iii) hindering counterterrorism oper-
16	ations against ISIS and its affiliates; or
17	(iv) engaged in the forcible repatri-
18	ation of Syrian refugees from Turkey to
19	Syria.
20	(f) Humanitarian Waiver.—The President may
21	waive the application of section 314, 315, 316, or 321 for
22	the purpose of providing humanitarian assistance if the
23	President submits to the appropriate congressional com-
24	mittees—

1	(1) a written determination that such a waive
2	is important to address a humanitarian need and
3	consistent with the national security interests of the
4	United States; and
5	(2) a justification relating to such determina
6	tion.
7	SEC. 332. IMPLEMENTATION; REGULATIONS; PENALTIES.
8	(a) Implementation.—The President may exercise
9	all authorities provided to the President under sections
0	203 and 205 of the International Emergency Economic
1	Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to carry out this
2	title.
3	(b) REGULATIONS.—The President shall issue such
4	regulations, licenses, and orders as are necessary to carry
5	out this title.
6	(c) Penalties.—A person that violates, attempts to
7	violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of this
8	title or any regulation, license, or order issued to carry
9	out this title shall be subject to the penalties set forth in
20	subsections (b) and (e) of section 206 of the International
21	Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) to the
22	same extent as a person that commits an unlawful act de-

23 scribed in subsection (a) of that section.

1	SEC. 333. STUDIES ON EFFECTIVENESS OF SANCTIONS IN
2	ACHIEVING FOREIGN POLICY OBJECTIVES.
3	(a) Independent Studies.—
4	(1) In General.—The Secretary of State shall
5	provide for the performance of 2 independent studies
6	on the use of sanctions by the United States Govern-
7	ment and the effectiveness of sanctions in achieving
8	foreign policy objectives that includes an assessment
9	of the following:
10	(A) Whether the United States Govern-
11	ment is appropriately organized, staffed, and
12	resourced to effectively develop and implement
13	sanctions as a tool of foreign policy and coordi-
14	nate sanctions policy and implementation with
15	allies and other like-minded governments.
16	(B) The effect of sanctions on the decision-
17	making calculus of the countries, entities, or in-
18	dividuals subject to sanctions.
19	(C) The effect of the threat of sanctions
20	on, and cases in which the threat of sanctions
21	have affected, the decision-making calculus of
22	countries, entities, or individuals subject to such
23	threat.
24	(D) The effect on United States national
25	security, including the ability to deter problem-

1	atic behavior, when mandatory statutory sanc-
2	tions are not implemented.
3	(E) Cases in which sanctions have led to a
4	desired change in behavior by the country, enti-
5	ty, or individual subject to the sanctions.
6	(F) Cases in which sanctions have led to
7	an undesirable change in behavior by the coun-
8	try, entity, or individual subject to the sanc-
9	tions.
10	(G) The effect of sanctions on United
11	States businesses and businesses in countries
12	that are allies of the United States.
13	(H) Whether extensive or exhaustive sanc-
14	tions have been a precursor to increased mili-
15	tary actions.
16	(I) Whether unilateral sanctions have been
17	effective in changing behavior or otherwise ad-
18	vancing national security or foreign policy ob-
19	jectives.
20	(J) Cases in which sanctions used in com-
21	bination with extensive diplomacy have had led
22	to desired changes in behavior.
23	(K) The collateral effects of sanctions on
24	civilians and their welfare.

1	(L) The record of all sanctions imposed by
2	the United States currently in effect, by coun-
3	try, and how long those sanctions have been in
4	effect.
5	(M) The history of sanctions imposed with
6	respect to allies of the United States and the
7	result of those sanctions.
8	(2) Consultation with congress.—Each
9	entity performing a study mandated under para-
10	graph (1) shall consult with the Committee on For-
11	eign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on
12	Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives
13	while conducting the study.
14	(3) Submission to congress.—
15	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than June 1,
16	2020, the Secretary shall submit the results of
17	each study required by paragraph (1) to the ap-
18	propriate congressional committees.
19	(B) FORM.—The results of each study sub-
20	mitted under subparagraph (A) shall be sub-
21	mitted in unclassified form, but may include a
22	classified annex.
23	(b) Entities to Perform Studies.—The Sec-
24	retary shall provide for the studies required by subsection
25	(a) to be performed as follows:

1	(1) One study shall be performed by the Comp-
2	troller General of the United States.
3	(2) One study shall be performed by a federally
4	funded research and development center that has
5	recognized credentials and expertise in national secu-
6	rity and foreign policy.
7	TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS
8	SEC. 401. AGREEMENT FOR NATO MEMBERS NOT TO AC-
9	QUIRE DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY INCOMPAT-
10	IBLE WITH THE SECURITY OF NATO SYSTEMS.
11	The U.S. mission to NATO shall pursue an agree-
12	ment that members will not acquire defense technology in-
13	compatible with the security of NATO systems.
14	SEC. 402. NO AUTHORIZATION FOR THE USE OF MILITARY
15	FORCE.
16	Nothing in this Act shall be construed as an author-
17	ization for the use of military force.
18	TITLE V—TERMINATION
19	SEC. 501. TERMINATION.
20	This Act shall terminate on the date that is 5 years
21	after the date of the enactment of this Act